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No. 20

House of Representatives

The House met at 2 p.m. and was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia).

DESIGNATION OF THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Speaker:

WASHINGTON, DC,
February 1, 2022.

I hereby appoint the Honorable HENRY C. "HANK" JOHNSON, Jr. to act as Speaker pro tempore on this day.

NANCY PELOSI,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, the Reverend Margaret Grun Kibben, offered the following prayer:

Lord, be gracious unto us. Be gracious to us and bless us. Bless us with the warmth of Your countenance. Make Your face to shine upon us.

Then may we reflect Your saving power, that it would be known throughout the world. May we mirror the love You have for each and every person, imitate the grace You offer to all peoples.

May ours be a nation that lives into Your grace plan. May we not reject Your design but allow it to influence our every decision. Flavor every word from our mouths, guide our deeds, and inspire our hearts.

Holy God, You have richly blessed us to carry forth Your divine and loving purpose.

Thus blessed to be a blessing, may we live into the grace and mercy You have bestowed on us.

We open ourselves this day to delight in Your presence, and we sing with gladness in Your company.

In the strength of Your name we pray.

Amen.

THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to section 11(a) of House Resolution 188, the Journal of the last day's proceedings is approved.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Will the gentlewoman from Texas (Ms. GARCIA) come forward and lead the House in the Pledge of Allegiance.

Ms. GARCIA of Texas led the Pledge of Allegiance as follows:

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair will entertain up to 15 requests for 1-minute speeches on each side of the aisle.

BUILDING BACK BETTER NOW AND FOR THE FUTURE

(Ms. GARCIA of Texas asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. GARCIA of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to discuss the jobs created by the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act.

By passing this historic piece of legislation, we have set in motion adding two million jobs a year for the American people. High-paying, stable jobs filled by skilled, union, American workers.

These are the jobs that hold families together. They put everyday people in control of their future for themselves and for their children.

We are building the roads, bridges, high-speed internet, ports, and airports

we need. We are strengthening our frail electric grid.

We are building back better now and for the next generation to come, for all our children.

SKYROCKETING ENERGY PRICES

(Mr. JOYCE of Pennsylvania asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. JOYCE of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to address the crisis that is causing energy prices to skyrocket and hurting Pennsylvanians.

This year it is estimated that Americans will pay 32 percent more to heat their homes than they did last year. This sudden spike in prices is the result of President Biden's war on affordable energy sources, sources like oil, natural gas, coal, and the Marcellus shale that is so readily available in Pennsylvania.

Instead of promoting these affordable baseload power sources, the Biden administration has doubled down on their failed policies. So far, President Biden has canceled projects, including the Keystone XL pipeline. He has refused to sign new drilling leases that would ultimately lower the cost of energy for my constituents.

President Biden and his far-left administration are fighting against American businesses and against American families.

The dead of winter is not the time to implement the Green New Deal. The coldest months of the year are no time to raise heating costs. These reckless policies must end.

CLIMATE CHANGE SOLUTIONS

(Ms. UNDERWOOD asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. UNDERWOOD. Mr. Speaker, climate change presents an existential

This symbol represents the time of day during the House proceedings, e.g., 1407 is 2:07 p.m.

Matter set in this typeface indicates words inserted or appended, rather than spoken, by a Member of the House on the floor.



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threat to our environment, our economy, and our future. That is one of the reasons I was so proud to support the bipartisan infrastructure law, a generational investment in clean energy jobs and technology, like solar.

This investment is critical for the communities I represent, which are already working to advance clean energy technologies at home in Illinois. Just last week Mundelein, Illinois, was awarded the Department of Energy's SolSmart Silver award for making it faster, easier, and more affordable for communities to utilize solar energy.

We owe it to our families, communities, and future generations to create climate change solutions. Thanks to the bipartisan infrastructure law, that is exactly what we are doing.

CONGRATULATING PRESIDENT AMIRIDIS

(Mr. WILSON of South Carolina asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. WILSON of South Carolina. Mr. Speaker, I appreciate the University of South Carolina Board of Trustees selecting Dr. Michael Amiridis as the new university president. As established by Dr. Harris Pastides, he continues the importance of Greek heritage so meaningful for the people of South Carolina.

Having previously spent over 20 years on the USC campus, President Amiridis returns from the University of Illinois at Chicago, where he has been chancellor. As President Amiridis is already familiar with the university community, I am confident that the school, branch campuses, and students will benefit from his appreciation of the extraordinary Gamecock traditions.

Shortly after being selected, President Amiridis said, "Through academics, research, and its vibrant culture, the university system is critically important to the people of South Carolina and to the State's future. I feel privileged to be able to lead this great institution."

In conclusion, God bless our troops, who successfully protected America for 20 years, as the global war on terrorism continues, moving from the safe haven in Afghanistan to America.

REMEMBERING MIKE DUFFY

(Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize the life of a well-known and generous man from Davenport, Iowa. Mike Duffy passed away peacefully on January 21 surrounded by his loved ones.

For the overwhelming majority of his life, Mike called Davenport home. He began working at the age of 11 and did not stop until his retirement. He helped his father, John, grow the fam-

ily business, Per Mar Security, into an Iowa institution.

Mike worked a number of jobs throughout his life, and he always treated everyone from all walks of life with equal respect. That is just who Mike was, and he has made the lives of everyone around him better because of it.

Mike's long list of accomplishments include being recognized by the Iowa Business Hall of Fame, the Quad Cities Area Junior Achievement Hall of Fame, and the Security Industry Hall of Fame. Mike served the Quad Cities around the clock, serving on multiple boards and committees, including the Davenport Chamber of Commerce, St. Ambrose University, and the Handicapped Development Center, just to name a few.

Even at his visitation, his employees told his wife, Linda, about his selfless service in delivering the Sunday paper to them for the coupons, even though he read it online. Mike worked his entire life to support his family, his friends, and his community.

Mike's wife, Linda; their children; and 31 grandchildren are in my prayers.

CONGRATULATING DOUG WEATHERS

(Mr. CARTER of Georgia asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. CARTER of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the accomplishments of Doug Weathers, the long-time WTOC Savannah broadcaster who was recently inducted into the Georgia Association of Broadcasters Hall of Fame.

Doug has been a titan of Georgia broadcasting since 1962, when he first began presenting the news.

Starting in 1954 as a film editor, Doug worked his way through running the projector, operating studio cameras, and helping with production until he was tapped to host. When it comes to news, Doug truly is a jack-of-all-trades.

Doug helped WTOC news reach the top of their local ratings and remain there during his tenure. In 1973, Doug left WTOC for WJCL because they had the ability to broadcast in color, and he helped springboard them to number one in the local ratings.

When Doug eventually returned to WTOC, he helped bring their evening news back to number one, where it remained until his retirement in 2001.

Having worked in every aspect of a television studio, Doug has helped modernize and popularize local news throughout our State. We are very grateful for his years of service and congratulate him on this historic accomplishment.

Congratulations to my friend and my neighbor.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the Chair will postpone further proceedings today on motions to suspend the rules on which the yeas and nays are ordered.

The House will resume proceedings on postponed questions at a later time.

JOHN R. LEWIS POST OFFICE BUILDING

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 5577) to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 3900 Crown Road Southwest in Atlanta, Georgia, as the "John R. Lewis Post Office Building".

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 5577

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. JOHN R. LEWIS POST OFFICE BUILDING.

(a) DESIGNATION.—The facility of the United States Postal Service located at 3900 Crown Road Southwest in Atlanta, Georgia, shall be known and designated as the "John R. Lewis Post Office Building".

(b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the facility referred to in subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the "John R. Lewis Post Office Building".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ) and the gentleman from Kansas (Mr. LATURNER) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Florida.

GENERAL LEAVE

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on this measure.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from Florida?

There was no objection.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of H.R. 5577 to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 3900 Crown Road Southwest in Atlanta, Georgia, as the "John R. Lewis Post Office Building".

John Lewis was born on February 21, 1940, in Troy, Alabama, to Willie Mae and Eddie Lewis.

Inspired by Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., he attended the American Baptist Theological Seminary in Nashville, Tennessee. Lewis then went on to earn his bachelor's degree in religion and philosophy from Fisk University.

As a college student in Nashville, Congressman Lewis was a founder and chairman of the national civil rights organization, Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee, or SNCC.

In 1963, John Lewis was involved in planning the March on Washington for Jobs and Freedom. As a part of the event, Lewis delivered a keynote address at the Lincoln Memorial in which he called on an army of movement activists to “march through the South” in a sustained campaign of nonviolent resistance to produce effective civil rights legislation and destroy Jim Crow.

His fight for Federal civil rights legislation continued in 1965, as Congressman Lewis participated in new voter registration drives and peaceful demonstrations in Selma, Alabama, where he sustained a fractured skull as a result of being beaten during what is now known as Bloody Sunday.

President Jimmy Carter appointed Lewis as the associate director of the Federal volunteer agency, ACTION, where he worked to build connections to local volunteer groups and diversify the agency’s workforce.

From 1981 to 1986, Congressman Lewis held a seat on the Atlanta City Council, where he tackled local issues, such as public funding for infrastructure, zoning laws, and homelessness.

As a Representative of Georgia, Lewis made monumental strides as he focused on backing or introducing legislation advancing civil rights, environmental justice, education, and healthcare.

In 1991, Lewis proposed legislation to establish the museum of African American history and worked to gather support for the proposal until George W. Bush signed into law a bill creating the National Museum of African American History and Culture.

Mr. Speaker, one of the greatest honors of my professional life, and really my life, was the opportunity to get to know and serve with the great John Lewis in this body, and I think if you asked most Members who had the privilege of getting to know him and serve with him in the U.S. House of Representatives, that they would count among their finest honors to be able to have that privilege as well.

Sadly, we lost Congressman Lewis, our beloved John, who died on July 17, 2020, and I encourage all of my colleagues to honor the memory of Congressman John Lewis’s legacy and his fight for civil rights through the dedication of the post office at 3900 Crown Road Southwest as the “John R. Lewis Post Office Building”, and may his memory be for a blessing.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

□ 1415

Mr. LATURNER. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today in strong support of H.R. 5577, which would name a post office after our former House colleague, John Robert Lewis.

Besides being a long-term Member of Congress and serving as chief deputy whip in the 110th Congress, he is best known for his role as a leader of the civil rights movement.

Congressman Lewis’ legacy is inspiring.

John was the chairman of the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee in the 1960s. He was one of the original Freedom Riders in 1961.

In 1963, John helped organize the March on Washington.

In 1965, John led the first of three marches between Selma and Montgomery across the Edmund Pettus Bridge.

There are few Americans as distinguished as John R. Lewis, and I am proud to support this bill.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield 3 minutes to the gentlewoman from Georgia (Ms. WILLIAMS), who has the privilege of not having stepped in the shoes, but to have succeeded the great former Congressman John Lewis.

Ms. WILLIAMS of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of H.R. 5577, legislation that I introduced to rename the main post office on Crown Road in Atlanta after my mentor and predecessor, a friend to many of us, Congressman John Robert Lewis.

Giving the Fifth Congressional District’s main United States post office Congressman Lewis’ name is a proper, lasting tribute to the life of a civil rights hero. And to have the people’s House take this bill up on the first day of Black History Month could not be more fitting.

Congressman Lewis was a Freedom Rider, the youngest speaker at the 1963 March on Washington, a recipient of the Presidential Medal of Freedom, and the conscience of the Congress.

The sacrifices Congressman Lewis made paved the way for me to even stand before you today as a Member of this body.

Congressman Lewis was a natural leader, and nearly 2 years after his passing, his mere memory has united over 360 cosponsors to honor his life and legacy by designating the John R. Lewis Postal Building.

As I reflect on the power of over four-fifths of this body coming together to honor the life of Congressman Lewis, I can only imagine the good we could do by coming together in the same numbers to advance what Congressman Lewis called the beloved community; the good we could do by standing together, fiercely defending the civil rights that Congressman Lewis put his life on the line for; the good we could do if we all said something, did something, whenever we see something that is not right; the good we could all do if we heeded the words in Congressman Lewis’ final essay “to answer the highest calling of your heart and stand up for what you truly believe.”

While it speaks volumes that so many of us have united to commemo-

rate Congressman Lewis, it would shout to the heavens where Mr. Lewis could hear us if we united with the same energy in the spirit of justice and moral obligation.

As we look at the trying times that our country is facing, let us not only honor Congressman Lewis with the post office. Let us channel Congressman Lewis every day in Congress. Let’s make sure today’s passage of H.R. 5577 is only a starting point for our work ahead in his honor.

Mr. LATURNER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 3 minutes to the gentleman from Georgia (Mr. CARTER).

Mr. CARTER of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for yielding.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today to remember and honor the life of the great John Lewis.

I am honored to have called Congressman Lewis a colleague and, more importantly, a friend. Mr. Speaker, I have many fond memories of serving in Congress, but some of my fondest memories are walking from the Cannon Building over here to the Capitol with John Lewis. Here I am, this kid from south Georgia, walking with an icon over here to the Capitol. And we did it on many occasions. His office was a floor below mine when I was in the Cannon Building.

I also cherish the time that he invited Members of the Georgia delegation to his home, and we had dinner that night. He sat and told us stories, stories of his experiences with Dr. King. I was proud to call John Lewis my friend.

Like all of us in these Halls, we can say that his wisdom, his spirit, and his friendship are deeply missed.

But what can you say about John Lewis that hasn’t already been said? He was a giant among men. He fiercely dedicated his life to fighting for equality and for justice for all.

From his early days fighting segregation in Nashville, to the Freedom Rides, and to his service in the Halls of Congress, John Lewis dedicated his life to a more perfect Union.

John Lewis never stopped. And now more than ever, it is encouraging to be reminded of John’s unyielding optimism and faith in the American Dream.

My hope is that today’s bill would, in a small way, continue his legacy. The bill we are considering today would name Atlanta’s central postal facility after this American hero. It is only appropriate to do so for a city shaped so much by Mr. Lewis.

What is more, Mr. Speaker, I am not sure if you have looked at the number of cosponsors on this bill. If you count, this bill has an incredible 341 cosponsors as of this morning. By my estimates, that makes it the most bipartisan bill that Congress has considered. And that is telling of John Lewis’ legacy.

I should note that this legislation has the support of Congressman Lewis’ family, the John and Lillian Miles

Lewis Foundation, as well as local Atlanta officials.

Mr. Speaker, I thank Representative NIKEMA WILLIAMS, who now represents Mr. Lewis' old district in Atlanta, for sponsoring this effort.

As a Georgian, as a colleague, and as a friend, I am especially honored to support this legislation and urge all of my colleagues to do the same.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the distinguished gentleman from Rhode Island (Mr. CICILLINE), a member of the Judiciary Committee who chairs the Antitrust, Commercial, and Administrative Law Subcommittee.

Mr. CICILLINE. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentlewoman for yielding and giving me an opportunity to say a few words about our extraordinary colleague, the late John Lewis.

John Lewis is someone who had such an enormous impact on this country, someone who risked his life and endured violence and intimidation to help create a more beloved community and a better country. John was a gentle man who continued his fight for equality and justice and dignity for every single person in this country.

Many of us had the privilege of crossing the Edmund Pettus Bridge with John Lewis, but for me what was particularly helpful and memorable was that John Lewis was a champion in the fight for LGBTQ and the Equality Act. At a very critical moment, he became part of that effort, and I thought to myself: Here is a man who has already done more than anyone could imagine one person could do for human dignity, for equality, and for justice, and he was still in the fight for the LGBTQ community.

One of the most extraordinary honors of my life is having served in Congress and, certainly, having the friendship of the extraordinary John Lewis, someone who was beloved by everyone here.

I will end with this. When I first met Mr. Lewis, he called me brother. That went on for about 6 months. I thought to myself, well, he doesn't remember my name. You know, that is just the way it is. But I soon learned that he called everyone brother and sister because, in John's heart, we were all part of a common family.

So this post office—and I thank Congresswoman NIKEMA WILLIAMS for her sponsorship—will be a permanent memorial to the extraordinary contributions of the life of John Lewis to our country.

Mr. LATURNER. Mr. Speaker, I have no further speakers, and I am prepared to close.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, as I have said, nearly all the Members of this body who had the privilege to get to know Congressman Lewis would count among their finest honors the chance to serve in this esteemed institution with him.

John was really the embodiment of goodness. John Lewis was someone who I never heard cast aspersions, who I

never saw angry or directed anger at someone else. He certainly had anger toward injustice and really channeled that energy and his passion to make sure that everyone in the United States had an opportunity to live and experience justice as his life's work.

There were so many times that John's rallying cry for Members of this institution was that we needed to stand up and speak out and make sure that we did not remain silent. That is absolutely essential and is as important today as it was back in the 1960s and before that when he was walking across the Edmund Pettus Bridge and leading the fight for voting rights. We carry on that fight for him to this day in his memory.

Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentlewoman from California (Ms. PELOSI), the distinguished Speaker of the United States House of Representatives.

Ms. PELOSI. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentlewoman for bringing this important legislation to the floor of the House in such a bipartisan way.

I rise today in support of legislation to honor the leadership and legacy of Congressman John Robert Lewis.

I thank the gentleman, who is also from Georgia, for presiding. It makes it very special to all of us.

I support this legislation officially and personally, as our beloved John Lewis was the conscience of the Congress and a dear friend to many of us who served with him.

I came in with the same class as John Lewis, so I served with him for decades, and I had the benefit of seeing up close and personal on a daily basis the special nature of this man.

Let us salute Congresswoman NIKEMA WILLIAMS, who has the awesome privilege of serving in John Lewis' seat for Georgia, for her committed leadership in making this legislation possible.

John Lewis was a titan of the civil rights movement—we all know that—a moral giant on Capitol Hill and in the country, and a hero of American history who transformed our Nation with his vision, his persistence, and his courage.

John offered our Nation a clarion voice for freedom and justice from lunch counters in Nashville to the Edmund Pettus Bridge in Selma, from the steps of the Lincoln Memorial to the floor of the House. On the floor of the House, John led a demonstration in support of gun violence prevention that was historic.

John's extraordinary sacrifice, indomitable spirit, and endless generosity in the face of unimaginable adversity made him revered in both Houses of Congress, on both sides of the aisle, and across the country.

It was my solemn honor to welcome John back to the Capitol a final time in July 2020 to lie in state.

Then, in July 2021, I had the great privilege of leading a congressional delegation to San Diego to christen the formidable USNS *John Lewis*.

Today, we again honor John by affixing his name upon a post office in the heart of his beloved Atlanta, another fitting tribute that will inspire generations of Georgians.

It is appropriate we do so today as Americans across the Nation mark the beginning of Black History Month this very day.

As we do so, let us pledge to continue to carry on John's mission to strive for a more perfect Union and to work to build a world worthy of John Lewis' legacy.

Mr. Speaker, I also proudly honor a pioneering spirit and a friend of John Lewis', a progressive champion and a dear longtime friend of so many of us, Congresswoman Lynn Woolsey, with legislation to rename the Petaluma downtown post office in her honor, which I am proud to cosponsor as a Californian.

We pay a proper tribute to an inspiring leader who has improved the lives of countless working families in the bay area and beyond.

Mr. Speaker, I thank Congressman JARED HUFFMAN for his committed leadership to bring this legislation to the floor and for carrying on a great legacy that he and Lynn Woolsey shared of leadership on behalf of the families of the north bay.

During Lynn's two decades in the House on the Education and Labor Committee and as co-chair of the Congressional Progressive Caucus, she was a leader on welfare reform in the nineties, opposing the war in Iraq since day one, working relentlessly on ending gender discrimination, championing fervently our environment, and, again, bravely protesting the genocide in Darfur.

So the Congress will salute her instrumental leadership. She was one of the leaders who established Women's History Month, an important tradition allowing us to pay homage to the extraordinary women on whose shoulders we now stand.

For two reasons I come to the floor. Of course, one, to share in honoring John Lewis in the naming of the post office, and to honor Lynn Woolsey. I hope we have a strong bipartisan "aye" in both cases.

Mr. Speaker, I again thank Chair WASSERMAN SCHULTZ for affording me this opportunity to speak on behalf of two great champions of the Congress, and I urge an "aye" vote.

□ 1430

Mr. LATURNER. Mr. Speaker, I support this bill, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, it is an incredible privilege to be able to manage the time on this legislation to name the main post office in the city of Atlanta after the great and late Honorable John R. Lewis.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by

the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 5577.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to section 3(s) of House Resolution 8, the yeas and nays are ordered.

Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this motion are postponed.

PROMOTING RIGOROUS AND INNOVATIVE COST EFFICIENCIES FOR FEDERAL PROCUREMENT AND ACQUISITIONS ACT OF 2021

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (S. 583) to promote innovative acquisition techniques and procurement strategies, and for other purposes.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The text of the bill is as follows:

S. 583

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Promoting Rigorous and Innovative Cost Efficiencies for Federal Procurement and Acquisitions Act of 2021” or the “PRICE Act of 2021”.

SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

Congress finds that—

(1) small business participation in the Federal marketplace is key to ensuring a strong industrial base;

(2) the Business Opportunity Development Reform Act of 1988 (Public Law 100-656) sets forth the requirement for the President to establish Government-wide goals for procurement contracts awarded to small businesses;

(3) each year, the Small Business Administration works with each Federal agency to set their respective contracting goals and publishes a scorecard to ensure that the total of all Federal agency goals meets the required targets for the Federal Government;

(4) the Department has received among the highest scorecard letter grades 10 years in a row and is the largest Federal agency to have such a track record;

(5) in virtually every segment of the economy of the United States, including the homeland security community, there are small businesses working to support the mission and playing a critical role in delivering efficient and innovative solutions to the acquisition needs of the Federal Government;

(6) the Procurement Innovation Lab of the Department—

(A) is aimed at experimenting with innovative acquisition techniques across the Homeland Security Enterprise;

(B) provides a forum to test new ideas, share lessons learned, and promote best practices;

(C) fosters cultural changes that promote innovation and managed risk taking through a continuous cycle of testing, obtaining feedback, sharing information, and retesting where appropriate; and

(D) aims to make the acquisition process more smooth and innovative within the construct of the Federal Acquisition Regulation

for both the Federal Government and contractors; and

(7) despite progress in the adoption of new and better business practices by many Federal agencies, the overall adoption of modernized business practices and advanced technologies across the Federal Government remains slow and uneven.

SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

In this Act:

(1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term “Administrator” means the Administrator for Federal Procurement Policy.

(2) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term “appropriate congressional committees” means—

(A) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs and the Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship of the Senate; and

(B) the Committee on Homeland Security, the Committee on Oversight and Reform, and the Committee on Small Business of the House of Representatives.

(3) COUNCIL.—The term “Council” means the Chief Acquisition Officers Council established under section 1311 of title 41, United States Code.

(4) DEPARTMENT.—The term “Department” means the Department of Homeland Security.

(5) HOMELAND SECURITY ENTERPRISE.—The term “Homeland Security Enterprise” has the meaning given the term in section 2211(h) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 661(h)).

(6) SCORECARD.—The term “scorecard” means the scorecard described in section 868(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (15 U.S.C. 644 note).

(7) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of Homeland Security.

(8) SMALL BUSINESS.—The term “small business” means—

(A) a qualified HUBZone small business concern, a small business concern, a small business concern owned and controlled by service-disabled veterans, or a small business concern owned and controlled by women, as those terms are defined in section 3 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632);

(B) a small business concern owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals, as defined in section 8(d)(3)(C) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(3)(C)); or

(C) a small business concern unconditionally owned by an economically disadvantaged Indian tribe or an economically disadvantaged Native Hawaiian organization that qualifies as a socially and economically disadvantaged small business concern, as defined in section 8(a)(4) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 637(a)(4)).

(9) UNDER SECRETARY.—The term “Under Secretary” means the Under Secretary for Management of the Department.

SEC. 4. PROCUREMENT INNOVATION LAB REPORT.

(a) REPORT.—The Under Secretary shall publish an annual report on a website of the Department on Procurement Innovation Lab projects that have used innovative techniques within the Department to accomplish—

(1) improving or encouraging better competition;

(2) reducing time to award;

(3) cost savings;

(4) better mission outcomes; or

(5) meeting the goals for contracts awarded to small business concerns under section 15(g) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 644(g)).

(b) EDUCATION.—The Under Secretary shall develop and disseminate guidance and offer training for contracting officers, contracting

specialists, program managers, and other personnel of the Department, as determined appropriate by the Under Secretary, concerning when and how to use the innovative procurement techniques of the Department.

(c) BEST PRACTICES.—The Under Secretary shall share best practices across the Department and make available to other Federal agencies information to improve procurement methods and training, as determined appropriate by the Under Secretary.

(d) SUNSET.—This section shall cease to be effective on the date that is 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. 5. COUNCIL.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 45 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall convene the Council to examine best practices for acquisition innovation in contracting in the Federal Government, including small business contracting in accordance with the goals established under section 15(g) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 644(g)).

(b) WORKING GROUP.—The Council may form a working group to address the requirements of this section, which, if formed, shall—

(1) be chaired by the Administrator or a designee of the Administrator; and

(2) be composed of—

(A) the Chief Procurement Officer of the Department;

(B) Council members from—

(i) the General Services Administration;

(ii) the Department of Defense;

(iii) the Department of the Treasury;

(iv) the Department of Veterans Affairs;

(v) the Department of Health and Human Services;

(vi) the Small Business Administration; and

(vii) such other Federal agencies as determined by the chair of the Council from among Federal agencies that have demonstrated significant, sustained progress using innovative acquisition practices and technologies, including for small business contracting, during each of the 3 years preceding the date of enactment of this Act; and

(C) other employees, as determined appropriate by the chair of the Council, of Federal agencies with the requisite senior experience to make recommendations to improve Federal agency efficiency, effectiveness, and economy, including in promoting small business contracting.

(c) DUTIES OF THE COUNCIL.—The Council, or a working group formed under subsection (b), shall—

(1) convene not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act and thereafter on a quarterly basis until the Council submits the report required under subsection (d)(1); and

(2) conduct outreach with the workforce and the public in meeting the requirements under subsection (d)(1).

(d) REPORT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Council shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that describes—

(A) innovative acquisition practices and applications of technologies that have worked well in achieving better procurement outcomes, including increased efficiency, improved program outcomes, better customer experience, and meeting or exceeding the goals under section 15(g) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 644(g)), and the reasons why those practices have succeeded;

(B) steps to identify and adopt transformational commercial business practices, modernized data analytics, and advanced technologies that allow decision making to occur in a more friction-free buying environment and improve customer experience; and

(C) any recommendations for statutory changes to accelerate the adoption of innovative acquisition practices.

(2) BRIEFING.—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall brief the appropriate congressional committees on the means by which the findings and recommendations of the report have been disseminated under paragraph (3).

(3) PUBLICATION AND DISSEMINATION OF REPORT FINDINGS.—To promote more rapid adoption of acquisition best practices, the Administrator shall—

(A) publish the report required under paragraph (1) on the website of the Office of Management and Budget and on the Innovation Hub on the Acquisition Gateway or any successor Government-wide site available for increasing awareness of resources dedicated to procurement innovation; and

(B) encourage the head of each Federal agency to maintain a site on the website of the Federal agency for acquisition and contracting professionals, program managers, members of the public, and others as appropriate that is—

(i) dedicated to acquisition innovation; and

(ii) identifies—

(I) resources, including the acquisition innovation advocate and industry liaison of the Federal agency;

(II) learning assets for the workforce, including the findings and recommendations made in the report required under paragraph (1);

(III) events to build awareness and understanding of innovation activities;

(IV) award recognition programs and recent recipients; and

(V) upcoming plans to leverage innovative practices and technologies.

(e) EXPERTS.—In carrying out the duties of the Council under this section, the Council is encouraged to consult with governmental and nongovernmental experts.

(f) TERMINATION.—The duties of the Council as set forth in this section shall terminate 30 days after the date on which the Council conducts the briefing required under subsection (d)(2).

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ) and the gentleman from Kansas (Mr. LATURNER) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Florida.

GENERAL LEAVE

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on this measure.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from Florida?

There was no objection.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of S. 583, the Promoting Rigorous and Innovative Cost Efficiencies for Federal Procurement and Acquisitions Act, or the PRICE Act.

This bipartisan bill was introduced by Chairman GARY PETERS of the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, along with Senators ERNST and CARPER. I commend them

for their bipartisan leadership, as well as JOE NEGUSE for leading the House companion bill.

Mr. Speaker, to meet its complex and critical missions in service of the American people, the Federal Government must ensure that its procurement practices make use of innovative approaches that maximize the ingenuity and opportunity of American small business.

These small businesses are the backbone of the American economy and the breeding ground for cutting edge solutions that can be transformative in government operations. Recognizing that the Department of Homeland Security has been a leader in small business utilization, the PRICE Act requires it to publish an annual report on the projects of its Procurement Innovation Lab.

Dedicated to improving the acquisition process within the construct of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, the lab is a proving ground for innovative ideas and a forum for developing and sharing lessons learned and best practices.

Under the bill, the Department would be required to develop guidance and training on innovative procurement techniques for contracting and program management personnel, and to make these best practices available to other Federal agencies.

The bill would also convene the Chief Acquisition Officers Council to examine and report on best practices in acquisition innovation in Federal contracting, including through small business engagement, which is vital to keeping our industrial base strong and vibrant.

The report would include a review of the practices and technology applications with the greatest success in improving program outcomes, enhancing customer experience, and meeting the Federal Government's small business contracting goals. These goals cannot be a check-the-box exercise that provides opportunity to only a handful of companies. Rather, they must be about opening the doors of Federal contracting to as many small businesses as possible to expand our industrial base.

The PRICE Act will pave the way for more cohesive and widespread adoption of modernized business practices and advanced technologies across the Federal Government. It also has the power to advance the goals of the Small Business Act by creating greater opportunity for small businesses.

Mr. Speaker, for these reasons, I urge my colleagues to support this bill, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. LATURNER. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, the Federal procurement and acquisition process is often cumbersome, complex, and inefficient. Doing business with the Federal Government is expensive and time-consuming. In fact, many commercial vendors must hire staff who are respon-

sible for understanding the Federal acquisition regulatory requirements just so they can do business with the government.

For small businesses with fewer resources, this is an even greater challenge. In reality, most small businesses are struggling to survive in the Biden economy, let alone trying to navigate complex procurement processes and regulations.

The Department of Homeland Security's Procurement Innovation Lab has issued reports stressing the need for innovative approaches to making Federal procurement more effective and efficient. Thankfully, the PRICE Act will help put those insights into action.

The PRICE Act requires DHS to develop department-wide guidance and training to improve procurement methods. These procurement best practices, which encourage reducing the time to award contracts, achieving cost savings, and better serving agency mission outcomes will be shared with other Federal agencies via a report.

Also under the PRICE Act, the Office of Management and Budget will convene a working group within the Chief Acquisition Officers Council to identify and disseminate government-wide best practices to modernize Federal contracting. Such best practices will focus on better utilizing small businesses, increasing procurement efficiency, improving program outcomes, and achieving a better customer experience at agencies.

The working group will provide its recommendations to Congress, which will help us identify and pursue smart procurement policy reforms. This is critical to ensure our Nation's Federal agencies can efficiently purchase the best products and services to serve the American people.

Mr. Speaker, this is not a Big Government bill. It is a big idea bill. The PRICE Act does not mandate that the Government employ certain approaches. Rather, through reporting requirements, it will equip Federal agencies with innovative acquisition practices. It will develop best practices to improve procurement methods across the government and the PRICE Act will help small businesses conduct business within the government.

This bill does not establish permanent programs or requirements but simply requires key Federal entities to conduct careful study and distribute the resulting recommendations government-wide and to Congress.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to support this bipartisan legislation, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I urge passage of S. 583, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, S. 583.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to section 3(s) of House Resolution 8, the yeas and nays are ordered.

Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this motion are postponed.

SPECIALIST MATTHEW R.
TURCOTTE POST OFFICE

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (S. 566) to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 42 Main Street in Slatersville, Rhode Island, as the "Specialist Matthew R. Turcotte Post Office".

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The text of the bill is as follows:

S. 566

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SPECIALIST MATTHEW R. TURCOTTE POST OFFICE.

(a) DESIGNATION.—The facility of the United States Postal Service located at 42 Main Street in Slatersville, Rhode Island, shall be known and designated as the "Specialist Matthew R. Turcotte Post Office".

(b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the facility referred to in subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the "Specialist Matthew R. Turcotte Post Office".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ) and the gentleman from Kansas (Mr. LATURNER) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Florida.

GENERAL LEAVE

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on this measure.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from Florida?

There was no objection.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

I rise today in support of S. 566, to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 42 Main Street in Slatersville, Rhode Island, as the Specialist Matthew R. Turcotte Post Office.

Specialist Matthew R. Turcotte was from North Smithfield, Rhode Island, and a graduate of North Smithfield High School where he was cocaptain of the football team. Specialist Turcotte served with 2nd Infantry Brigade Combat Team of the 4th Infantry Division in Kosovo.

Over the course of his military career, Specialist Turcotte earned nu-

merous medals and commendations, including the Army Achievement Medal, National Defense Service Medal, Global War on Terrorism Service Medal, Army Service Ribbon, Armed Forces Expeditionary Medal, and the NATO Medal. Specialist Turcotte was deeply committed to our Nation and served the country with distinction.

In 2017, he was killed during a live-fire training exercise at Fort Carson, Colorado. He is survived by his wife, parents, and two sisters. I encourage all of my colleagues to join me in honoring his legacy by naming the post office at 42 Main Street as the Specialist Matthew R. Turcotte Post Office.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. LATURNER. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of S. 566, a bill that would name a Slatersville, Rhode Island, post office after Army Specialist Matthew R. Turcotte.

Matthew Turcotte was a lifelong resident of Smithfield where he played high school football just 4 miles down the road from the post office that will bear his name. While in high school, Turcotte enlisted in the U.S. Army and served with the 2nd Infantry Brigade Combat Team of the 4th Infantry Division. He was deployed overseas to Kosovo and earned the Army Achievement Medal and the Global War on Terrorism Service Medal, among others.

In 2017, he was tragically killed during a training exercise at Fort Carson, Colorado. This American hero is dearly missed by his wife, parents, sisters, and friends. Specialist Turcotte was a dedicated soldier and patriot.

Mr. Speaker, I support this bill, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield 3 minutes to the gentleman from Rhode Island (Mr. CICILLINE), in whose district the post office resides.

Mr. CICILLINE. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of S. 566, legislation to rename the United States Postal Service facility in Slatersville, Rhode Island, the Specialist Matthew R. Turcotte Post Office.

A fallen soldier from North Smithfield who gave his life in service of his country, Specialist Matthew Turcotte was tragically killed during a training accident in 2017 when he was only 20 years old. An exceptional young man who exemplified the utmost commitment to serving his community and his country, Matthew's service continues to make all Rhode Island proud.

Matthew, a lifelong North Smithfield resident eager to serve his country, enlisted in the U.S. Army while attending North Smithfield High School, where he was cocaptain of the football team and a member of the track and field team.

After his graduation in 2015, Matthew enlisted as a specialist and began his military career at Fort Benning. During his 2 short, enlisted years, he

earned numerous awards for his service, including the Army Achievement Medal, National Defense Service Medal, the Armed Forces Expeditionary Medal, the Global War on Terrorism Service Medal, the Army Service Ribbon, the Overseas Ribbon, and the NATO Medal.

Matthew's superiors in the military described him as a tremendous soldier who exemplified selfless service to our military and our Nation. He was deployed to Kosovo in 2016, and following his return, married his high school sweetheart and beloved wife, Megan.

In August of 2017, Matthew was killed during a live-ammunition training exercise at Fort Carson in Colorado while serving with the 2nd Infantry Brigade Combat Team of the 4th Infantry Division.

As we prepare to dedicate this post office in Matthew's memory, I am thinking about his father, Raymond; his mother, Liza; his wife, Megan; his sisters, Kayla and Paige; and all his extended family and loved ones.

Mr. Speaker, let us never forget the enormous debt of gratitude that we owe to not just Matthew and his family, but to all military families across the country who support the brave men and women who defend our Nation and often shoulder the pain of unimaginable grief and loss.

□ 1445

The decision to live one's life in service of others is never an easy one, and Matthew's commitment to a vocation of service represented the very best of our Nation and Rhode Island. For his patriotism, for his love of family and community, and for his dedication to the principles we as Americans hold dear, we salute Matthew and dedicate this post office in his honor.

I know that Matthew's legacy will continue to inspire our community in North Smithfield and all Rhode Islanders.

The dedication of this post office is an enduring expression of our gratitude for his service and a permanent reminder of his sacrifice. We know that Matthew's legacy and the impact he had on those who knew and loved him will far outlast anything we do or say, Mr. Speaker, but it is the least we can do for one of the great heroes of our Nation, Matthew R. Turcotte.

Mr. LATURNER. Mr. Speaker, I support this bill and I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, may the memory of Matthew R. Turcotte be for a blessing, and I urge passage of S. 566, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, S. 566.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to section 3(s) of House Resolution 8, the yeas and nays are ordered.

Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this motion are postponed.

D. EDWINA STEPHENS POST OFFICE BUILDING

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 2324) to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 2800 South Adams Street in Tallahassee, Florida, as the "D. Edwina Stephens Post Office".

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 2324

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. D. EDWINA STEPHENS POST OFFICE BUILDING.

(a) DESIGNATION.—The facility of the United States Postal Service located at 2800 South Adams Street in Tallahassee, Florida, shall be known and designated as the "D. Edwina Stephens Post Office Building".

(b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the facility referred to in subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the "D. Edwina Stephens Post Office Building".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ) and the gentleman from Kansas (Mr. LATURNER) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Florida.

GENERAL LEAVE

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on this measure.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from Florida?

There was no objection.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of H.R. 2324, to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 2800 South Adams Street in Tallahassee, Florida, as the D. Edwina Stephens Post Office.

Edwina Stephens is remembered as a unique and influential community activist who touched people's lives in numerous roles for over 50 years.

Born in Rocky Ford, Georgia, Edwina spent the majority of her adult life as a member of the Tallahassee community. Professionally, she was known as a fabulous nurse who pioneered changes in Tallahassee's local healthcare industry at Florida A&M University and Tallahassee Memorial Hospital.

In the community, she was recognized for being an acclaimed environmentalist and tireless activist who successfully campaigned against cases of environmental disenfranchisement and fought inequality of neighborhood services in underserved communities.

Ms. Stephens' achievements in Tallahassee include facilitating the hiring of Black cashiers at Winn-Dixie stores, leading the successful crusade to shut down the Medical Waste Facility on the southside, and spearheading the infrastructure revitalization for the Southside. These activities improved the quality of life not only for Southside residents, but for all the people of Tallahassee.

In addition to her mission of advocating for positive change, Edwina was a historian and visionary for many ongoing projects. Ms. Stephens is also remembered as a warm, caring woman who possessed political grit and organizational skills needed to foster enduring relationships between government, media, and the community.

I encourage my colleagues to join me in honoring a pioneer in the healthcare community by naming the post office at 2800 South Adams Street as the D. Edwina Stephens Post Office.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. LATURNER. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of H.R. 2324, which would name a Tallahassee post office after D. Edwina Stephens.

Edwina Stephens was a community activist, a civil rights icon, and nurse, working to improve Tallahassee's Southside neighborhoods. She was affectionately known as the "Mother of Southside." She was also awarded the "Florida Finest Award" by former Governor Lawton Chiles.

Mr. Speaker, I support this bill and yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, as a member of the Florida delegation, I am proud to help honor a daughter of the State of Florida, and I urge passage of H.R. 2324, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 2324.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to section 3(s) of House Resolution 8, the yeas and nays are ordered.

Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this motion are postponed.

ARTHUR LUIS IBLETO POST OFFICE BUILDING

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules

and pass the bill (H.R. 735) to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 502 East Cotati Avenue in Cotati, California, as the "Arthur Luis Ibleto Post Office Building", as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 735

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. ARTURO L. IBLETO POST OFFICE BUILDING.

(a) DESIGNATION.—The facility of the United States Postal Service located at 502 East Cotati Avenue in Cotati, California, shall be known and designated as the "Arturo L. Ibleto Post Office Building".

(b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the facility referred to in subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the "Arturo L. Ibleto Post Office Building".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ) and the gentleman from Kansas (Mr. LATURNER) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Florida.

GENERAL LEAVE

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on the measure.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from Florida?

There was no objection.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of H.R. 735, to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 502 East Cotati Avenue in Cotati, California, as the Arthur L. Ibleto Post Office Building.

Mr. Ibleto reigned in the Sonoma County food and wine community for nearly 50 years as its one and only "Pasta King." His Italian catering and frozen food business is an institution and his award-winning grapes can be found in numerous Sonoma Valley wines.

Mr. Ibleto was known for his generosity and he lent considerable time and resources to charitable, educational, and civic causes. He continued working full-time until his passing on November 24, 2020, at age 94.

But his accomplishments are not limited to food, wine, and the building of his community. At just 17, Mr. Ibleto deserted Mussolini's fascist army to join the Italian resistance and fought behind enemy lines to help the Allies defeat Nazi Germany during World War II.

In 1949, he left Italy for Petaluma, California, where he met and married Victoria Eleanor Ghirardelli. The two settled in Cotati, California, in 1951.

A proud immigrant, Mr. Ibleto co-founded the North Bay Italian Cultural Foundation and served as State president of the Order Sons and Daughters of Italy in America.

Mr. Ibleto lived the American Dream and helped countless people on his journey.

I encourage all of my colleagues to join me in honoring his legacy by naming the post office at 502 East Cotati Avenue as the Arthur L. Ibleto Post Office Building.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. LATURNER. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of H.R. 735. This bill would name a post office after Arthur Luis Ibleto.

When Arthur was 17 years old, he deserted Mussolini's fascist army, joined the Italian resistance, and fought behind enemy lines to help the Allies defeat the Nazis.

After World War II he came to California and met his wife, Victoria.

A proud immigrant, Arthur co-founded the North Bay Cultural Foundation and served as State president of the Order Sons and Daughters of Italy in America. He was also known as the "Pasta King" and is an esteemed member of the Sonoma County food and wine community.

Mr. Speaker, I support this bill and I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I support this legislation and urge passage of H.R. 735. I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 735, as amended.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to section 3(s) of House Resolution 8, the yeas and nays are ordered.

Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this motion are postponed.

ATANASIO TAITANO PEREZ POST OFFICE

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 3539) to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 223 West Chalan Santo Papa in Hagatna, Guam, as the "Atanasio Taitano Perez Post Office".

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 3539

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. ATANASIO TAITANO PEREZ POST OFFICE.

(a) DESIGNATION.—The facility of the United States Postal Service located at 223

West Chalan Santo Papa in Hagatna, Guam, shall be known and designated as the "Atanasio Taitano Perez Post Office".

(b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the facility referred to in subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the "Atanasio Taitano Perez Post Office".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ) and the gentleman from Kansas (Mr. LATURNER) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Florida.

GENERAL LEAVE

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on the measure.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from Florida?

There was no objection.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of H.R. 3539, to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 223 West Chalan Santo Papa in Hagatna, Guam, as the Atanasio Taitano Perez Post Office.

Mr. Atanasio Taitano Perez was a life-long public servant to Guam and the United States.

Over the course of his 36-year career he not only served as the first postmaster of Guam, but also served in the Guam judicial system serving as chief clerk, and later associate justice in the Guam High Court of Equity.

Mr. Perez was also involved in petitioning Congress to establish Guam's permanent civilian government, which its citizens enjoy today.

Unfortunately, he did not live long enough to see his efforts through, as he passed away on April 23, 1950. President Truman signed the Guam Organic Act into law 3 months later on August 1, 1950.

To this day, Mr. Perez is revered for his efforts not only in civil service, but also for advocacy on behalf of the Chamorro and Guamanian people of Guam.

Mr. Speaker, I encourage all of my colleagues to join me in honoring Mr. Perez' legacy by naming the post office at 223 West Chalan Santo Papa as the Atanasio Taitano Perez Post Office.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. LATURNER. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of H.R. 3539, which would name a post office in Guam for Atanasio Taitano Perez.

It is fitting that this post office would be named for Perez, who was appointed as the first postmaster of Guam in 1901. In addition to his extensive government service, Perez was personally involved in the movement that

petitioned Congress for U.S. citizenship for the people of Guam.

Mr. Speaker, I support this bill and I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I urge passage of H.R. 3539, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 3539.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to section 3(s) of House Resolution 8, the yeas and nays are ordered.

Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this motion are postponed.

□ 1500

LYNN C. WOOLSEY POST OFFICE BUILDING

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 2842) to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 120 4th Street in Petaluma, California, as the "Lynn C. Woolsey Post Office Building".

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 2842

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. LYNN C. WOOLSEY POST OFFICE BUILDING.

(a) DESIGNATION.—The facility of the United States Postal Service located at 120 4th Street in Petaluma, California, shall be known and designated as the "Lynn C. Woolsey Post Office Building".

(b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the facility referred to in subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the "Lynn C. Woolsey Post Office Building".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ) and the gentleman from Kansas (Mr. LATURNER) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Florida.

GENERAL LEAVE

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on this measure.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from Florida?

There was no objection.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I am pleased to join my colleagues in consideration of H.R. 2842 to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 120 4th Street in Petaluma, California, as the Lynn C. Woolsey Post Office Building.

Lynn Woolsey was born Lynn Carol Robinson in Seattle, Washington, on November 3, 1937. A graduate of Seattle's Lincoln High School, Woolsey attended the University of Washington from 1955 to 1957. She left school to marry Terry J. Critchett in 1958, and they eventually settled in Marin County, California. They had three children, Joseph, Ed, and Amy.

After working as a secretary at a technology company and relying partly on welfare assistance, Woolsey opened a personnel services firm and returned to college at the University of San Francisco to earn her bachelor's degree in 1980.

In 1984, Woolsey won a seat on the Petaluma City Council, where she served until 1992, including as vice mayor in her final year. When California Representative Barbara Boxer ran for the Senate in 1992, Woolsey ran to replace her and was elected in 1993 with 65 percent of the vote.

Congresswoman Woolsey served on the House Budget Committee, the Government Operations Committee, and the Education and Labor Committee. As subcommittee chair of the Workforce Protections Subcommittee, she led a measure to provide job-protected leave for family members of injured soldiers.

Among other successes, Congresswoman Woolsey fought legislation that threatened to reduce the scope of welfare programs; advocated for expanding school breakfast programs; and sponsored legislation to encourage young girls to study math and science, her "Go, Girl" initiative.

As co-chair of the Congressional Progressive Caucus, Congresswoman Woolsey advocated for a budget proposal to lower the deficit while supporting the social safety net.

A prominent member of the Out of Iraq Caucus, Woolsey criticized the George W. Bush administration's prosecution of the war, voted consistently to suspend funding for the war, and introduced a bill to redirect \$60 billion in Pentagon funds toward domestic civilian programs.

Throughout her congressional career, Woolsey tended to her northern California district. She delivered hundreds of millions of dollars back home for a variety of capital-intensive projects, including \$9 million for a Petaluma River flood control project and \$52 million for a seismic retrofit of the Golden Gate Bridge.

Naming a post office for Lynn C. Woolsey is entirely appropriate given her distinguished career and contributions to her State and country, and I urge all Members to support this bill.

I will just add what a privilege it was to have a chance to get to know and serve with Lynn Woolsey. She was a

fierce advocate for her point of view. She spent every single day on the floor of this body during the Iraq war and spoke out against it every single day without fail. She is a woman of her convictions and someone who fiercely defended making sure that her constituents' voices were heard.

Mr. Speaker, it was a privilege to serve with her, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. LATURNER. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of H.R. 2842, which would name a California post office after former Congresswoman Lynn Woolsey.

Woolsey first entered politics after winning a seat on the Petaluma City Council in 1984. She served on the city council until 1992, when she entered the race to succeed then-Representative Barbara Boxer.

During her two decades in the U.S. House, she brought attention to the struggles of impoverished women and children. She retired from Congress in 2013 at the end of the 112th Congress.

Mr. Speaker, I encourage my colleagues to support this bill, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield 4 minutes to the gentleman from California (Mr. HUFFMAN), who succeeded Congresswoman Woolsey.

Mr. HUFFMAN. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentlewoman from Florida and my other colleagues for their kind words about our friend, my predecessor and our former colleague, Lynn Woolsey.

Lynn is a one-of-a-kind, barrier-breaking trailblazer and a lifelong advocate for women and working families. In her 20 years of service in this body, she was a passionate voice for progressive values, unflinching in her convictions and ahead of her time in so many ways. Speaker PELOSI often called her the conscience of the Congress.

She was born and raised in Seattle, Washington, but she put her roots down as a young woman in Sonoma County, raising a family, becoming a civic leader, and eventually launching a political career. She chaired the Sonoma County Commission on the Status of Women and then served on the Petaluma City Council before being elected to the House in the "Year of the Woman."

Congresswoman Woolsey understood firsthand the challenges and struggles confronting single mothers because she lived them. She never forgot the hardships she faced when she was forced to go on public assistance to keep her family afloat. It was because of this journey as a former welfare mother—the first to ever serve in Congress—that she fought so hard for children and families.

She dedicated her career to improving education and empowering American workers through her service on the Education and Labor Committee and as ranking member of the Work-

force Protections Subcommittee. She was a champion for healthier school meals and sponsored the first-ever expansion of FMLA to ensure that military families have access to leave to prepare for a deployment or to care for a wounded warrior.

Lynn also served as co-chair of the Congressional Progressive Caucus, using that platform to push for workers' rights, environmental justice, and equity for all as well as a people's budget that would invest in working people instead of corporate tax cuts and military campaigns.

Her passion for conservation and protecting our national heritage can be seen throughout my district. From the rebuilding of Hamilton Wetlands and Bel Marin Keys, to the cleanup of Skaggs Island, to the dredging of critical waterways, her work will ensure future generations can enjoy the breathtaking beauty of California's north bay.

One of her greatest, hardest-fought achievements was the expansion of the Cordell Bank and Greater Farallones National Marine Sanctuaries. Because of her work, one of the most productive marine areas off the West Coast is now permanently protected.

Since she was a young child, Lynn wished for a more peaceful and just world. Mr. Speaker, you have just heard some words about her advocacy for peace and the way she spoke against the Iraq war. Together with BARBARA LEE and MAXINE WATERS—they called themselves the Triad—she formed the Out of Afghanistan and Out of Iraq Caucuses to promote a safe, responsible way to bring our troops home and to put an end to those conflicts.

As some of the floor staff may remember, Lynn gave nearly 500 Special Order hour speeches advocating for what she called smart security, a progressive approach to global engagement and foreign policy, one that emphasized diplomacy and humanitarian assistance rather than military force.

Her work in Congress was all about fighting for children and families, and nothing made her prouder than her own children and family. Anyone who knows Lynn understands that she considers them her greatest legacy of all.

Mr. Speaker, on behalf of my colleagues, I am so honored today to ask for you to vote "yes" and join me in honoring Congresswoman Woolsey's unique and exemplary career and service by passing this legislation.

Mr. LATURNER. Mr. Speaker, I have no further speakers. I support this bill, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, what a gift to be able to help name this post office and give this well-deserved honor to a remarkable woman, who I hope is watching right now, because she deserves every ounce of the respect that this naming represents.

Mr. Speaker, I urge passage of H.R. 2842, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. BLUMENAUER. Mr. Speaker, I am pleased to support this honor for Congresswoman Lynn Woolsey.

As a single mom with three small children, she went on welfare before working her way to success in both business and local politics. She went on to serve with distinction in Congress but she never forgot the children.

In Congress she was a fierce advocate for peace her entire career and she was right. She was a founding member of the Out of Iraq Caucus when that was not very popular with the general public and with most of our congressional colleagues. She was right about social policy. She was right about war and peace. And she is a delightful human being. I am pleased to support this commemoration.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 2842.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the yeas have it.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to section 3(s) of House Resolution 8, the yeas and nays are ordered.

Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this motion are postponed.

JEREMY L. RIDLEN POST OFFICE

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 3579) to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 200 East Main Street in Maroa, Illinois, as the "Jeremy L. Ridlen Post Office".

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 3579

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. JEREMY L. RIDLEN POST OFFICE.

(a) DESIGNATION.—The facility of the United States Postal Service located at 200 East Main Street in Maroa, Illinois, shall be known and designated as the "Jeremy L. Ridlen Post Office".

(b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the facility referred to in subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the "Jeremy L. Ridlen Post Office".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ) and the gentleman from Kansas (Mr. LATURNER) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Florida.

GENERAL LEAVE

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on this measure.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from Florida?

There was no objection.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of H.R. 3579 to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 200 East Main Street in Maroa, Illinois, as the Jeremy L. Ridlen Post Office.

Army National Guard Specialist Jeremy L. Ridlen was born in Maroa, Illinois, where he attended Maroa-Forsyth High School with his twin brother, Jason. Jeremy and Jason were students at Illinois State University, where they joined the National Guard and were assigned to the 1544th Transportation Company. In 2003, the National Guard activated their unit and deployed them to Fallujah, Iraq, where Jeremy served as postal clerk.

On May 23, 2004, Jeremy was killed after a truck rigged with explosives detonated next to his convoy. He was 23 years old.

Mr. Speaker, I encourage my colleagues to join me in honoring Jeremy L. Ridlen, who made the ultimate sacrifice for his country, by naming the post office at 200 East Main Street after him, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. LATURNER. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of this bill, which would name a post office in Illinois after Army National Guard Specialist Jeremy Ridlen.

Ridlen was born and raised in Maroa, Illinois. Jeremy and twin brother, Jason, went on to attend Illinois State University, and both signed up for the National Guard.

They were assigned to the 1544 Transportation Company, which was activated in 2003 and deployed to Fallujah, Iraq. Jeremy served as the postal clerk there.

Sadly, on May 23, 2004, Jeremy was killed in an ambush after a truck exploded next to his convoy.

Specialist Ridlen was an outstanding patriot, and I encourage my colleagues to support this bill.

Mr. Speaker, I yield 3 minutes to the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. RODNEY DAVIS).

Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, I thank my colleagues for giving us the opportunity to honor a hero, Jeremy Ridlen.

I rise in support of this bill today to designate the United States Postal Service facility in Maroa, Illinois, as the Jeremy L. Ridlen Post Office.

Army Specialist Jeremy Ridlen was born and raised in Maroa, Illinois, where he attended Maroa-Forsyth High School with his twin brother, Jason.

Jeremy and Jason, like my twin boys, were inseparable. They were active in their church, played on its softball team, and were included in its weekly prayer list after they both deployed.

Jeremy and Jason attended Illinois State University and joined the National Guard shortly thereafter. Their unit, the 1544 Transportation Company, was deployed to Iraq in 2003. On May 23, 2004, after a truck rigged with an IED detonated next to his convoy, small arms fire killed Jeremy in the ambush.

Designating this post office in honor of Jeremy will serve as a testament to his bravery and a reminder of all those who laid down their life for the United States of America.

Jeremy Ridlen died serving his country, and for that, he is a hero to all of us. He put his country above all else, and we thank him for his service and are thinking of his entire family back in Illinois today.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to vote for this legislation.

Mr. LATURNER. Mr. Speaker, I have no further speakers. I support this bill, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I would say to the gentleman from Illinois that as a fellow parent of twins—mine are 22—I send deepest condolences. Although I know his passing was back in 2004, I know the pain is fresh for his family. It is an honor to be able to join my colleagues in helping to name this post office.

Mr. Speaker, I urge passage of H.R. 3579, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 3579.

The question was taken; and (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

□ 1515

CORPORAL JEFFREY ROBERT
STANDFEST POST OFFICE
BUILDING

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 3613) to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 202 Trumbull Street in Saint Clair, Michigan, as the "Corporal Jeffrey Robert Standfest Post Office Building".

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 3613

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. CORPORAL JEFFREY ROBERT STANDFEST POST OFFICE BUILDING.

(a) DESIGNATION.—The facility of the United States Postal Service located at 202 Trumbull Street in Saint Clair, Michigan, shall be known and designated as the "Corporal Jeffrey Robert Standfest Post Office Building".

(b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other

record of the United States to the facility referred to in subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the “Corporal Jeffrey Robert Standfest Post Office Building”.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ) and the gentleman from Kansas (Mr. LATURNER) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Florida.

GENERAL LEAVE

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on this measure.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from Florida?

There was no objection.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of H.R. 3613 to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 202 Trumbull Street in Saint Clair, Michigan, as the Corporal Jeffrey Robert Standfest Post Office Building.

Corporal Jeffrey Robert Standfest was born on April 24, 1987. He was a 2005 graduate of Saint Clair High School where, during his senior year, he won 12 of his 14 cross-country races and was named the Times Herald newspaper’s Runner of the Year. He also ran cross-country during his tenure at Oakland University and helped lead his team to a conference championship.

Described as an all-American kid, he joined the military because his grandfather had served in the Marines during World War II. Due to his constant demonstration of maturity and leadership, Corporal Standfest was selected to become one of his unit’s few dog handlers, in addition to his role as a combat engineer.

In Afghanistan, he had been operating alongside his fellow engineers as a dog handler to detect IEDs and assist the route clearance platoon. Sadly, while attempting to clear a building on June 16, 2010, tragedy struck in the Helmand province of Afghanistan when Corporal Standfest, along with his bomb-sniffing dog, Sergeant Ruppert, was killed by an IED. Corporal Standfest was only 23 years old.

In the aftermath of his death, then-Governor Granholm lowered flags to halfstaff. Corporal Standfest was posthumously awarded the Purple Heart. He was previously awarded the Combat Action Ribbon, National Defense Service Medal, Afghanistan Campaign Medal, Global War on Terrorism Medal, and the NATO medal.

Naming a post office after Corporal Standfest is appropriate, given his dedication to his country. I urge my colleagues to join me in honoring Corporal Standfest.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time

Mr. LATURNER. Mr. Speaker, I reserve myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of this bill which honors Corporal Jeffrey Robert Standfest. Inspired by his grandfather, a Marine in World War II, this all-American kid joined the military as a combat engineer. Corporal Standfest was later selected to become one of his unit’s few dog handlers, a testament to his maturity.

Tragically, Corporal Standfest was killed by an IED on June 16, 2010, while clearing a building in the Helmand province of Afghanistan. His bomb-sniffing dog, Sergeant Ruppert, was also killed. Corporal Standfest was only 23 years old.

Mr. Speaker, I strongly encourage my colleagues to support this bill honoring a true American hero. I support this bill, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. LATURNER. I yield 3 minutes to the gentlewoman from Michigan (Mrs. MCCLAIN).

Mrs. MCCLAIN. Mr. Speaker, the House will vote on my bill to rename the Saint Clair Post Office after Marine Corporal Jeffrey Robert Standfest. Before we do, I want to tell you a little bit about the life of this brave young man.

Mr. Speaker, Corporal Standfest was described by those who knew him as respectful, family-oriented, dedicated, hardworking, and the all-American kid.

He was a runner at Saint Clair High School where he graduated in 2005. His success as a runner, along with his reputation as a leader, continued during his time at Oakland University. In 2008, wanting to follow in the footsteps of his grandfather who served our Nation during World War II, Jeff enlisted in the Marine Corps. He was deployed to Afghanistan as a combat engineer and a K9 handler. Tragically on June 16, Corporal Standfest and his canine, Sergeant Ruppert, were killed by an IED. He was only 23 years old.

Mr. Speaker, we must always remember that the rights and freedoms we as Americans hold dear are only secured through the courage and sacrifice of those who serve. Eleven years later, his memory, his courage, and his sacrifice are kept alive by his parents, Timothy and Karen, and his sister, Jaclyn, all of whom knew him and loved him.

Mr. Speaker, this bill could never heal the wounds of losing him, but passage of this bill will demonstrate to his loved ones that Congress and this country will never forget his bravery and ultimate sacrifice. Passage of this bill will ensure that the residents of Saint Clair will always be reminded about their high school star runner, the all-American kid who answered the call to serve and gave his life in defense of this great country.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I am prepared to close.

Mr. LATURNER. Mr. Speaker, I want to thank my colleague from Michigan for coming down here to speak about such a brave American hero.

Mr. Speaker, I have no further speakers. I am prepared to close. I do support this bill.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I urge passage and yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 3613.

The question was taken; and (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PETTY OFFICER 1ST CLASS
CHARLES JACKSON FRENCH
POST OFFICE

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 4168) to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 6223 Maple Street, in Omaha, Nebraska, as the “Petty Officer 1st Class Charles Jackson French Post Office”.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 4168

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. PETTY OFFICER 1ST CLASS CHARLES JACKSON FRENCH POST OFFICE.

(a) DESIGNATION.—The facility of the United States Postal Service located at 6223 Maple Street, in Omaha, Nebraska, shall be known and designated as the “Petty Officer 1st Class Charles Jackson French Post Office”.

(b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the facility referred to in subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the “Petty Officer 1st Class Charles Jackson French Post Office”.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ) and the gentleman from Kansas (Mr. LATURNER) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Florida.

GENERAL LEAVE

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on this measure.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from Florida?

There was no objection.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of H.R. 4168 to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 6223 Maple Street as the Petty Officer 1st Class Charles Jackson French Post Office.

Petty Officer Charles Jackson French was born in Arkansas in 1919 and first enlisted in the United States Navy in 1937. In 1941, Petty Officer French completed his first enlistment but decided to reenlist after the devastating attack on Pearl Harbor that December.

Petty Officer French served as a mess attendant on the USS *Gregory* when the military was racially segregated, but that did not stop him from rescuing 15 of his fellow injured sailors when their ship was attacked and sunk by Japanese gunfire.

Petty Officer French helped his crewmates into a life raft and tied it to himself, swimming for nearly 8 hours through nightfall and swarming sharks, until they were finally identified and rescued. For this, he received a letter of commendation from Admiral William F. Halsey, Jr., in May of 1943.

After retiring from the military, Petty Officer French moved to Omaha before moving to San Diego where he passed away at the age of 37.

Mr. Speaker, naming a post office after Petty Officer 1st Class Charles Jackson French is a way to honor his dedication to his country. I encourage my colleagues to join me.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. LATURNER. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of H.R. 4168 which would name a post office after Petty Officer Charles Jackson French.

Petty Officer French enlisted in the U.S. Navy in 1937. He completed his first enlistment in 1941 but decided to reenlist after the horrendous attack on Pearl Harbor.

He served as a mess attendant on the USS *Gregory* where he saved 15 of his fellow sailors when their ship was attacked and sunk by Japanese gunfire. Officer French helped his fellow sailors into a lifeboat, tied it to himself, and swam for nearly 8 hours in the dark until they were finally rescued.

After retiring from the military, Petty Officer French moved to Omaha and later California. His heroism is a true testament to the strength and bravery of our U.S. Navy. I strongly support this bill and encourage my colleagues to vote in support as well.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. LATURNER. Mr. Speaker, I have no further speakers. I am prepared to close.

Mr. Speaker, I support this bill, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I have no further speakers as well. I am prepared to close.

Mr. Speaker, I urge passage of H.R. 4168. I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 4168.

The question was taken; and (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

STAFF SERGEANT MARSHAL ROBERTS POST OFFICE BUILDING

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 1298) to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 1233 North Cedar Street in Owasso, Oklahoma, as the "Staff Sergeant Marshal Roberts Post Office Building".

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 1298

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. TECHNICAL SERGEANT MARSHAL ROBERTS POST OFFICE BUILDING.

(a) DESIGNATION.—The facility of the United States Postal Service located at 1233 North Cedar Street in Owasso, Oklahoma, shall be known and designated as the "Technical Sergeant Marshal Roberts Post Office Building".

(b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the facility referred to in subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the "Technical Sergeant Marshal Roberts Post Office Building".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ) and the gentleman from Kansas (Mr. LATURNER) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Florida.

GENERAL LEAVE

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from Florida?

There was no objection.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of H.R. 1298 to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 1233 North Cedar Street in Owasso, Oklahoma, as the Technical Sergeant Marshal Roberts Post Office.

At the age of 28, Technical Sergeant Marshal D. Roberts deployed with the 219th Engineering Installation Squadron, 138th Fighter Wing, Oklahoma Air National Guard in support of Operation Inherent Resolve.

He died as a result of a rocket attack from an Iran-backed militia group at Camp Taji on March 11, 2020. Technical Sergeant Roberts was the first member in the history of the Oklahoma Air National Guard to be killed in combat.

Technical Sergeant Roberts gave the ultimate sacrifice for this country, and his service will never be forgotten. He is survived by his wife and fellow member of the Tulsa-based 138th Fighter Wing, Kristie Roberts, and their 8-year-old daughter, Paityn.

Mr. Speaker, I encourage all of my colleagues to join me in honoring Technical Sergeant Marshal D. Roberts by naming the post office at 1233 North Cedar Street as the Technical Sergeant Marshal Roberts Post Office.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. LATURNER. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

I stand today in support of H.R. 1298, which would name a post office after Technical Sergeant Marshal Roberts.

Sergeant Roberts was from Oklahoma and enlisted in the Air Force in May 2014. He was assigned to the 219th Engineering Installation Squadron of the Oklahoma Air National Guard's 138th Fighter Wing. Sadly, he was killed in a rocket attack on Camp Taji in Iraq.

Mr. Speaker, I strongly support this bill honoring an American hero, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. LATURNER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 3 minutes to the gentleman from Oklahoma (Mr. HERN).

Mr. HERN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in solemn memory of an Oklahoma hero, Technical Sergeant Marshal Roberts.

Sergeant Roberts had a strong love for his country and was intensely proud to serve in the Oklahoma Air National Guard. He was deployed to Camp Taji in Iraq in support of Operation Inherent Resolve when his unit was engaged in enemy fire.

Sergeant Roberts gave his life defending our Nation and the freedoms we enjoy every day, leaving behind a proud wife and a loving daughter. Since his death, Oklahomans have shown overwhelming support for Sergeant Roberts' family and have taken every opportunity to celebrate his memory.

I will never forget when his remains were brought back to Tulsa in March 2020, when the city had just begun lockdown. Still, there were hundreds and hundreds of Oklahomans waiting outside the airport to welcome him home and mourn with his family.

At his funeral, at the dedication for the highway named after him, at our Memorial Day service, and at countless events since his death, Oklahomans have shown up in massive numbers to support and to honor his service and to thank his family.

You see, Oklahomans recognize the importance of military service and the

sacred responsibility we all have to keep his legacy alive.

We can rest in the knowledge that Sergeant Roberts' sacrifice was not in vain. He laid down his life for hundreds of millions of Americans that he never knew and future generations yet to come.

Mr. Speaker, renaming the Owasso Post Office in his honor is a small but meaningful gesture and ensures that our community proudly keeps his story alive for all the generations to come.

Mr. LATURNER. Mr. Speaker, I have no further speakers. I am prepared to close.

Mr. Speaker, I support this bill. I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, may the memory of Technical Sergeant Marshal D. Roberts be for a blessing.

I urge all Members to support H.R. 1298. I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 1298, as amended.

The question was taken; and (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

The title of the bill was amended so as to read: "A bill to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 1233 North Cedar Street in Owasso, Oklahoma, as the 'Technical Sergeant Marshal Roberts Post Office Building'".

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until approximately 6:30 p.m. today.

Accordingly (at 3 o'clock and 32 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess.

□ 1830

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Ms. KELLY of Illinois) at 6 o'clock and 30 minutes p.m.

JOHN R. LEWIS POST OFFICE BUILDING

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 5577) to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 3900 Crown Road Southwest in Atlanta, Georgia, as the "John R. Lewis Post Office Building", on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by

the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 421, nays 0, answered "present" 1, not voting 12, as follows:

[Roll No. 15]

YEAS—421

Adams	Crawford	Hice (GA)
Aderholt	Crenshaw	Higgins (LA)
Aguilar	Crist	Higgins (NY)
Allen	Crow	Hill
Allred	Cuellar	Himes
Amodei	Curtis	Hinson
Armstrong	Davidson	Hollingsworth
Arrington	Davidson	Horsford
Auchincloss	Davis, Danny K.	Houlahan
Axne	Davis, Rodney	Hoyer
Babin	Dean	Hudson
Bacon	DeFazio	Huffman
Baird	DeGette	Huizenga
Balderson	DeLauro	Issa
Banks	DelBene	Jackson
Barr	Delgado	Jackson Lee
Barragán	Demings	Jacobs (CA)
Bass	DeSaulnier	Jacobs (NY)
Beatty	DesJarlais	Jayapal
Bentz	Deutch	Jeffries
Bera	Diaz-Balart	Johnson (GA)
Bergman	Dingell	Johnson (LA)
Beyer	Doggett	Johnson (OH)
Bice (OK)	Donalds	Johnson (SD)
Biggs	Duncan	Johnson (TX)
Bilirakis	Dunn	Jones
Bishop (GA)	Ellzey	Jordan
Bishop (NC)	Emmer	Joyce (OH)
Blumenauer	Escobar	Joyce (PA)
Blunt Rochester	Eshoo	Kahele
Boebert	Españillat	Kaptur
Bonamici	Evans	Katko
Bost	Fallon	Keating
Bourdeaux	Feenstra	Keller
Bowman	Ferguson	Kelly (IL)
Boyle, Brendan	Fischbach	Kelly (MS)
F.	Fitzgerald	Kelly (PA)
Brady	Fitzpatrick	Khanna
Brooks	Fleischmann	Kildee
Brown (MD)	Fletcher	Kilmer
Brown (OH)	Fortenberry	Kim (CA)
Brownley	Foster	Kim (NJ)
Buchanan	Fox	Kind
Buck	Frankel, Lois	Kirkpatrick
Bucshon	Franklin, C.	Krishnamoorthi
Burchett	Scott	Kuster
Burgess	Fulcher	Kustoff
Bush	Gaetz	LaHood
Bustos	Gallagher	Lamb
Butterfield	Gallego	Lamborn
Calvert	Garamendi	Langevin
Cammack	Garbarino	Larsen (WA)
Carbajal	Garcia (CA)	Larson (CT)
Cárdenas	Garcia (IL)	Latta
Carey	Garcia (TX)	LaTurner
Carl	Gibbs	Lawrence
Carson	Gimenez	Lawson (FL)
Carter (GA)	Gohmert	Lee (CA)
Carter (LA)	Golden	Lee (NV)
Carter (TX)	Gomez	Leger Fernandez
Cartwright	Gonzales, Tony	Lesko
Case	Gonzalez (OH)	Letlow
Casten	Gonzalez,	Levin (CA)
Castor (FL)	Vicente	Levin (MI)
Castro (TX)	Good (VA)	Lieu
Cawthorn	Gooden (TX)	Lofgren
Chabot	Gosar	Long
Cherfilus-	Gottheimer	Loudermilk
McCormick	Granger	Lowenthal
Chu	Graves (LA)	Lucas
Cicilline	Graves (MO)	Luetkemeyer
Clark (MA)	Green (TN)	Luria
Clarke (NY)	Green, Al (TX)	Lynch
Cleaver	Greene (GA)	Mace
Cline	Griffith	Malinowski
Cloud	Grothman	Malliotakis
Clyburn	Guest	Maloney,
Clyde	Guthrie	Carolyn B.
Cohen	Hagedorn	Maloney, Sean
Cole	Harder (CA)	Mann
Comer	Harris	Manning
Connolly	Harshbarger	Massie
Cooper	Hartzer	Mast
Correa	Hayes	Matsui
Costa	Hern	McBath
Courtney	Herrell	McCarthy
Craig	Herrera Beutler	McCaul

McClain	Porter	Stefanik
McClintock	Posey	Steil
McCollum	Pressley	Stevens
McEachin	Price (NC)	Stewart
McGovern	Quigley	Strickland
McHenry	Raskin	Suozi
McKinley	Reed	Swalwell
McNerney	Reschenthaler	Takano
Meeks	Rice (NY)	Taylor
Meijer	Rice (SC)	Tenney
Meng	Rodgers (WA)	Thompson (CA)
Meuser	Rogers (AL)	Thompson (MS)
Mfume	Rogers (KY)	Thompson (PA)
Miller (IL)	Rose	Tiffany
Miller (WV)	Rosendale	Timmons
Miller-Meeks	Ross	Titus
Moolenaar	Rouzer	Tlaib
Mooney	Roybal-Allard	Tonko
Moore (AL)	Ruiz	Torres (CA)
Moore (UT)	Ruppersberger	Torres (NY)
Moore (WI)	Rush	Trahan
Morelle	Rutherford	Trone
Moulton	Ryan	Turner
Mrvan	Salazar	Underwood
Mullin	Sánchez	Upton
Murphy (FL)	Sarbanes	Valadao
Murphy (NC)	Scalise	Van Deyne
Nadler	Scanlon	Van Drew
Napolitano	Schakowsky	Van Dyne
Neal	Schiff	Vargas
Neguse	Schneider	Veasey
Nehls	Schrader	Vela
Newhouse	Schrier	Velázquez
Newman	Schweikert	Wagner
Norcross	Scott (VA)	Walberg
Norman	Scott, Austin	Walorski
O'Halleran	Scott, David	Waltz
Obernole	Sessions	Wasserman
Ocasio-Cortez	Sewell	Schultz
Omar	Sherman	Waters
Owens	Sherrill	Watson Coleman
Palazzo	Sires	Weber (TX)
Pallone	Slotkin	Webster (FL)
Palmer	Smith (MO)	Welch
Panetta	Smith (NE)	Wenstrup
Pappas	Smith (NJ)	Westerman
Pascrell	Smith (WA)	Wexton
Payne	Smucker	Wild
Pelosi	Soto	Williams (GA)
Pence	Spanberger	Williams (TX)
Perlmutter	Spartz	Wilson (FL)
Perry	Speier	Wilson (SC)
Peters	Stansbury	Womack
Pfleger	Stanton	Young
Phillips	Staubert	Zeldin
Pingree	Steel	

ANSWERED "PRESENT"—1

Roy

NOT VOTING—12

Budd	Grijalva	Steube
Cheney	Kinzinger	Wittman
Doyle, Michael	LaMalfa	Yarmuth
F.	Pocan	
Estes	Simpson	

□ 1903

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE RESOLUTION 8, 117TH CONGRESS

Adams (Brown (MD))	Crawford (Kelly (PA))	Hudson (Murphy (NC))
Allred (Wexton)	Crist (Soto)	Jackson Lee (Cicilline)
Axne (Kuster)	Cuellar (Correa)	Jacobs (NY)
Baird (Walorski)	Davis, Danny K. (Garcia (IL))	(Tenney)
Barragán (Raskin)	DeSaulnier (Raskin)	Kahele (Jeffries)
Brownley (Kuster)	Doggett (Raskin)	(Garbarino)
Butterfield (Williams (GA))	Españillat (Jeffries)	Keating (Cicilline)
Cárdenas (Gomez)	Frankel, Lois (Kuster)	Khanna (Gomez)
Castro (TX) (Garcia (IL))	Gohmert (Weber (TX))	(Pallone)
Clarke (NY)	Hagedorn (Carl)	Lawson (FL)
Cleaver (Raskin)	Hoyer (Brown (MD))	(Evans)
		Letlow (Moore (UT))

Loudermilk (Fleischmann)	Pingree (Kuster) Porter (Wexton)	Trone (Raskin) Veasey (Jeffries)
Lucas (Burgess)	Roybal-Allard (Correa)	Vela (Correa)
McHenry (Cammack)	Ruiz (Correa)	Wagner (Walorski)
Meng (Kuster)	Rush (Kaptur)	Watson Coleman (Pallone)
Moore (WI) (Raskin)	Sires (Pallone) Stansbury	Wild (Wexton) Wilson (FL) (Cicilline)
Nadler (Pallone)	(Garcia (IL))	
Napolitano (Correa)	Suozi (Panetta) Titus (Connolly)	
Payne (Pallone)	Trahan (Wexton)	

MOMENT OF SILENCE HONORING THE LIFE OF THE HONORABLE CLARENCE "BUD" BROWN, JR.

(Mr. CHABOT asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. CHABOT. Mr. Speaker, I rise this evening along with several of my Ohio colleagues to honor the life of a great Ohio Congressman, Clarence "Bud" Brown, Jr., who sadly passed away last Wednesday at the age of 94.

Congressman Brown represented the people of Ohio's Seventh District with great distinction from 1963 through 1983. As ranking member of the House Energy and Power Subcommittee, Congressman Brown crafted legislation to help his constituents and the American people overcome the 1970s energy crisis.

Congressman Brown hailed from an impressive Ohio family. His father represented the Seventh District for 27 years in Congress. His son, Clarence "Clancy" Brown, III, is an actor who has appeared in many movies, including *Shawshank Redemption*, but is probably best known to American parents as the voice of Mr. Krabs in *SpongeBob SquarePants*; and Congressman Brown's nephew, Zac Haines, currently serves on Miami University of Ohio's board of trustees.

Mr. Speaker, I respectfully request that all Members keep Congressman Brown's family and loved ones in their prayers as they mourn this profound loss. I would ask for a moment of silence in his honor.

SCOOTER CHAPMAN IS LEGENDARY

(Mr. KILMER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. KILMER. Mr. Speaker, the word "legendary" gets thrown around in this place a fair amount, but back in my hometown of Port Angeles, Washington, we have had the opportunity to see a local legend in action for seven decades.

Scooter Chapman has been the voice of Port Angeles sports for decades, working at radio KONP since the 1950s. He has been a sportscaster, a referee, an umpire, but he has been more than that. He has been someone who cared about young people and their success. He has been someone who built pride in our community, and for every PA High Roughrider, pride in his or her school.

Back in 1992 I had the honor of presenting him a letterman's jacket on be-

half of our graduating class. In the decades since, he has racked up more honors, recognitions, and hall of fame entries than you could possibly count.

Now, 30 years later, I am honored to recognize Scooter Chapman from the floor of the United States House of Representatives, as he prepares to sign off from KONP and hang up his microphone after 70 years at the station.

Scooter Chapman has touched so many lives. He has made our community stronger. Mr. Speaker, he is, in a word, legendary.

ISRAEL IS NOT AN APARTHEID STATE

(Ms. FOXX asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. FOXX. Mr. Speaker, let me make one thing clear: Israel has never been and will never be an apartheid state.

Amnesty International's latest report that labels Israel as an apartheid state is nothing short of an outright denial of the Jewish State's right to exist. This report should be condemned immediately. It is the textbook definition of anti-Semitism.

Instead of peddling these falsehoods and baseless allegations, Amnesty International would do well to focus on the human rights violations of the Chinese Communist Party.

America has stood side by side with Israel since its creation, and our shared values remain the keystone of our strategic partnership.

Mr. Speaker, I am proud to stand with Israel and the Jewish community. They deserve our unwavering support.

ON-DEMAND TRANSIT IS TRANSFORMATIONAL

(Mr. AUCHINCLOSS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. AUCHINCLOSS. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to highlight how on-demand transit is a force multiplier for public transportation and a driver of lower costs in Massachusetts and across the Nation.

For example, Via has partnered with the city of Newton in my district to provide an on-demand transit service called NewMo, which provides low-cost rideshares for all residents. During a recent ride-along, I saw firsthand the transformational power of on-demand transit, especially for youth, seniors, and people with disabilities, who gain autonomy from the ability to independently access and safely connect to jobs and services.

The Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act will bring significant funding to the Bay State to modernize transit, including expanding on-demand transit. This innovation can increase economic mobility, create new jobs, and reduce our carbon footprint.

I look forward to working with the Biden administration to leverage the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs

Act to expand on-demand transit throughout Massachusetts and across the country.

□ 1915

CONGRATULATING FOREST COUNTY SHERIFF BOB WOLFGANG ON HIS RETIREMENT

(Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to congratulate Forest County Sheriff Bob Wolfgang on his retirement.

Sheriff Wolfgang was first elected sheriff in 2001 and proceeded to spend two decades as the Forest County sheriff. In his work as sheriff, Bob aimed to engage the community and help people turn their lives around.

During his five terms, Sheriff Wolfgang and his office worked to overhaul conceal carry permits, improve security, and start several programs aimed to engage the county's youth.

From participating in "Shop with a Cop" to a Forest County Youth Field Day, Sheriff Wolfgang focused on working with children to improve relationships with police and the community. He also spent time raising awareness for scams targeting senior citizens.

Sheriff Wolfgang always focused on helping the community and being a positive role model for other officers and Forest County residents. His impact on all of our community cannot be overstated.

Mr. Speaker, I thank Sheriff Wolfgang for his dedication and service to Forest County and the region. May he enjoy his retirement. He deserves it.

HONORING THE LIFE OF PETE DUPRE

(Mr. GOTTHEIMER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. GOTTHEIMER. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in memory of Pete DuPre.

Pete, better known as Harmonica Pete around the world, was a true American hero, an advocate for veterans and a constant inspiration to all those who were touched by his music. Spending time with him was a true honor that I will never forget, nor will my 12-year-old daughter, Ellie. She met him for the first time 4 years ago. They became pen pals and good friends.

Pete recently passed at the age of 98. Pete served for 3 years overseas as a U.S. Army medic in some of the most important battles of World War II, including the Battle of the Bulge, a true turning point in the war for Allied Forces.

Pete returned home and continued to represent our Nation, traveling the globe, performing as an ambassador for the Greatest Generations Foundation. He earned his nickname by playing our national anthem on his harmonica at

the United States Women's National Soccer Team game against Mexico in my home State of New Jersey, at the Vikings stadium in front of tens of thousands of people, on the USS Arizona Memorial to commemorate the 74th anniversary of Pearl Harbor, and nursing homes nationwide and so many more. Pete touched so many Americans.

As we mourn the loss of Harmonica Pete, we pray for his five children; Michael, James, Robert, Pierre, and Mary Ann; his late wife, Jane; and his grandchildren; and all the friends and family he touched.

Mr. Speaker, I ask my colleagues to join me in remembering Pete DuPre.

SENIOR CITIZENS WANT TO WORK

(Mr. GROTHMAN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. GROTHMAN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to encourage the body to pass the Senior Independence Act.

When I was back home over the last week, as I toured my businesses, wherever I went—be it in agriculture, tourism, transportation, manufacturing, or retail—businesses all had the same problem. They couldn't find enough people to work. They suggested I look at a change in Social Security law.

Social Security is great, but currently under Social Security law—and kind of a mistake that Franklin Roosevelt made in the original way it was proposed—as soon as you make \$19,500, you wind up losing a dollar for every additional \$2 you earn. This is causing people who would like to work more to stop working because the tax rate is just too high.

It is time to pass the Senior Independence Act and move toward the point where you can make up to \$30,000 before they take away your money, allowing more independence for our seniors and more labor for our businesses.

AMERICA COMPETES ACT LEVELS THE PLAYING FIELD

(Mr. MRVAN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. MRVAN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to express my profound appreciation that the House is expected to consider this week H.R. 4521, the America COMPETES Act of 2022.

Indiana's First Congressional District is home to an incredible manufacturing, steel, and industrial workforce. These workers can compete with anyone in the world. When they are provided with a level playing field, they can thrive in our global economy.

I am pleased that the America COMPETES Act will take historic strides to defend the American worker, our manufacturing base, and grow our economy.

Together we can take action in this legislation to address supply chain vulnerabilities, increase the production of

American-made semiconductors, and improve our ability to defend against illegally traded goods.

I commend all the leaders for advancing this legislation, and I look forward to its prompt consideration on the House floor.

REMEMBERING VICTORIA SANDS DIXON

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. TORRES of New York). Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 4, 2021, the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. RODNEY DAVIS) is recognized for 60 minutes as the designee of the minority leader.

Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, I appreciate the opportunity to be here tonight. It is actually bittersweet because we are here to honor a friend, a long-time friend to many, even to some sitting here in this institution because Vicki Dixon was an institution here in Washington, D.C.; not in a bad way, but in a way where she touched so many lives in such a positive manner.

I am going to go ahead and save my comments about Vicki until later because we have got some friends that got to know Vicki over the years like I did, and got to not only become friends but just to see the wholesome, genuine, kind individual that Victoria Sands Dixon was.

Her career was encapsulated by helping so many people here in Congress get things done, and her passing is bittersweet to all of us.

One good friend of Vicki and a very good friend of mine is the ranking member on the Committee on Veterans' Affairs. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. BOST).

Mr. BOST. Mr. Speaker, I thank my good friend RODNEY DAVIS for yielding time to me and for organizing this Special Order.

Tonight you are going to hear several words from our colleagues that will echo the same resounding words, and, that is, Vicki Dixon should be recognized for all that she did in her life. But most of all, she was kind. She was a friend.

When the delegation got together, she was always there to welcome newcomers to D.C. that she may have known from a time in Illinois.

She dedicated her life to serving our country, which she loved deeply. In her 30-plus years here in Washington, D.C., she worked for several Members of Congress as well as seven Cabinet Secretaries.

Vicki will be deeply missed by those of us who knew her, whether in Illinois, Washington, or Florida, where she just retired to in the fall. She left our Capitol community and our Nation better off than it was before. She was loved. She will be missed tremendously.

When the Illinois delegation got together over at the club, it was always amazing how quick she would come up to greet everyone, show friendship and

kindness, give you some advice now and again on how to deal with this place, as crazy as it is at times.

Both Tracy and I send our prayers to her mother, Peggy; her sister, Kristi; and all of her many nieces and nephews; and we want to say a special thank you for how she has touched each one of our lives.

Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, I thank my good friend Mr. BOST for those heartfelt words.

I now yield to the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. LAHOOD), another good friend of Vicki.

Mr. LAHOOD. Mr. Speaker, I echo the comments of both Congressman BOST and Congressman DAVIS. It is bittersweet to be here tonight to honor the life of Vicki Dixon, who was a friend to many in Illinois and here in Washington, D.C.

Vicki passed away too early, but I am glad we have the opportunity tonight to pay tribute to her wonderful career, her generosity, and her support of so many.

I thank you, Congressman DAVIS, for organizing this Special Order.

When you think about Vicki Dixon and her career, you can't help but think about Illinois. She was a native of Shelbyville, Illinois. Vicki felt a call to service at a very young age. From 1979 to 1989, Vicki worked for former Illinois Congressman Dan Crane and then went on to work for Mr. Derwinski at the Department of Veterans Affairs before serving at the Interior Department until she retired in 2016. She served many different Secretaries at the Department of the Interior.

Vicki was a proud Illinois Republican, and she always supported the party back there and many of our candidates and elected officials. Vicki was integral in the development of something called the Lincoln Series. The Lincoln Series was a leadership program for young Republican women in Illinois dedicated to increasing the number of young Republican women serving in government and political positions. That Lincoln Series would not have happened without Vicki Dixon.

There are many people that graduated from the Lincoln Series, so we owe a debt of gratitude to so many people that Vicki helped touch by that program. It was just one of many things that Vicki did that was impactful on so many different folks.

Vicki was known to many of us here in the Halls of Congress for her work specifically at the Department of the Interior and the Capitol Hill Club.

Many of us got to know Vicki. Vicki was very involved with the Capitol Hill Club and many of our activities over there. Vicki was always kind and generous, had a smile on her face, and was willing to help.

Vicki will be sorely missed by everyone who knew her here in D.C. and, of course, back home in Illinois. My prayers remain with Vicki's family. May she rest in peace.

Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, I thank Congressman LAHOOD for those great words. I didn't know she was one of the folks who started the Lincoln Series. That is great.

That is a great program, and it makes me see the influence of Vicki Dixon even more. A lot of great people have gone through that program, and now I know why it is a great program—because of people like Vicki.

Another good friend of Vicki Dixon—well, there is Vicki talking. I just knocked it down. She is like: Shush, stop saying so many nice thing about me.

Another good friend of Vicki is her colleague from the State of Washington. You and your wife were very close to Vicki. I know, after her passing, we exchanged phone calls to try to find out what happened.

Mr. NEWHOUSE, what is your wife's name again?

Mr. NEWHOUSE. You always have trouble with that.

Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois. I do. Tell Joan I said hi. And it is now in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD that I acted like I didn't know her name.

In all seriousness, I yield to the gentleman from Washington (Mr. NEWHOUSE) to tell the American people about our friend Vicki.

□ 1930

Mr. NEWHOUSE. Mr. Speaker, I thank Mr. DAVIS for yielding, and I thank him very much for organizing this Special Order honoring Vicki here on the House floor. It truly is something that she deserves because this institution of Congress, she held it in high regard, as you know. So it is an honor for me to be able to stand here and honor her and honor her life. I call her a friend, Victoria Lynn "Vicki" Sands Dixon.

I only had the pleasure of knowing her, I think, for about the last 5 years, but I have to tell you, it soon became clear after meeting Vicki that she is one of those people that you could really call an angel on Earth. She treated her friends just like family, and honestly, she would do anything for her friends.

As you mentioned, Vicki was a really close friend of my wife, Joan—she is going to kill me for saying this—for over 42 years. In fact, Vicki was even the maid of honor at our wedding. That is how close she was to us.

Vicki was considerate and thoughtful, gracious and funny, generous to a fault, and always the first to lend a helping hand. I can't tell you how many times Vicki, not even being asked, came to the rescue.

One time, Joan and I had just moved into a new house in the middle of winter, and the gas hadn't been turned on yet. We couldn't get the gas company to respond. Vicki, before the end of the night, when the house temperature got down into the 40s, we had no less than six little heaters trying to keep that house warm. That is the kind of person

she was. Vicki was always there to help.

I know you have heard from some of our friends tonight, and there are so many people that would agree with them that Vicki truly was a friend, but she was more than that, too. Vicki was a dedicated American. Vicki was faithful to her country, certainly proud of her party, proud of her home State of Illinois, and, as you heard, a devoted public servant.

It truly is a loss as we lose Vicki, but if there is anyone that I can think of, anyone worthy of moving on to a better place, it is her. Vicki was an example of the engaged and selfless citizen that we really all should try to emulate.

I know Vicki's family and her community continue to be blessed by her memory. May Vicki rest in peace with her beloved Bob Michel.

Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, I encourage the gentleman to feel free to stick around if any other thoughts on Vicki's life come to mind to make sure we let the world know.

Mr. Speaker, I do want to share a note I got from people who were very close to Vicki, and this epitomizes the influence Vicki had on so many here. I think this note speaks for so many people. It says: "I am still devastated, just like everyone who knew her. Wow."

You can look around this city, you can look around this Capitol, and you can see what Vicki Dixon meant. It didn't matter if you were a Republican or a Democrat. She worked for both administrations. This is the person who was able to help navigate people in the right direction to get things done.

Vicki is the perfect example of a career public servant who did not work for the public attention but for the sake of our country. Vicki loved the United States of America.

Through Vicki's kindness and professionalism, she won the hearts of many, from the highest positions here in Washington to the humblest positions here in Washington. I hope that when we all leave, we can say the same thing, that our best friends just weren't those who walked into the best offices in this complex, but that our best friends were those who made sure the lights worked in these offices, that our friends were those who make Washington work for all of us just like Vicki Dixon did.

One of my favorite memories of Vicki is actually getting to meet her. It was with my great friend, my former boss, former chief of staff Craig Roberts. He introduced me to her. Then I got reintroduced to Vicki by my former colleague, my mentor, and my friend and former boss, Congressman Shimkus.

That brings up a great memory that I have of Vicki and Leader Michel, sitting right behind home plate. I could tell that the game was going well because Vicki was very much smiles when I would chase a passed ball back to the backstop. If the game wasn't going well, she probably wouldn't look

at me while I was going back, making another error maybe, possibly, and, yes, historically.

But I can remember Vicki sitting there with Leader Michel in a Cubs jersey. I am from Illinois. I am not a Cubs fan, and neither was John Shimkus. He was a much more rabid fan of the Cardinals than many. Vicki Dixon was the only one that could wear a Cubs jersey around Congressman John Shimkus because she was Vicki Dixon.

From 1989 until her retirement in 2016, Vicki served Secretaries of the Interior, as I mentioned earlier, under both Republicans and Democrats. That is where I got a chance to see what she meant to people.

The constituents I used to work for when I worked for Congressman John Shimkus got VIP tours of the monuments because Vicki Dixon realized that when constituents come to Washington, they want to see their Nation's Capital. She did everything she could to make that happen, so much so that when I became a Member of Congress, she continued to help us allow our constituents to see the monuments under her direction at the Department of the Interior.

I remember a good friend of hers that used to work with her at the Department of the Interior under President Bush. I have exchanged texts with Lori Yates, my good friend, over the last few weeks upon Vicki's passing.

Lori, Vicki knew you were a great friend, too. She knew that that friendship mattered. And understand that Vicki is in a better place. Vicki is with her friends and those she loved the most in a place where there is no pain. But in a place like Washington, D.C., she will be missed.

Vicki worked for the Office of the Secretary and the Bureau of Land Management as an expert in external affairs. Before Interior, she worked for Congressman Dan Crane. She also worked for Veterans Affairs Secretary Ed Derwinski.

As my colleagues mentioned, Vicki is a native of Shelbyville, Illinois. Vicki attended Lake Land College in Mattoon.

I can remember one day my wife and I were driving around our hometown of Taylorville, and we just so happened to drive by Vicki's mom's house because Vicki's mom, Peggy, lived in my hometown for some time. And who do I see standing out in the driveway of her mom's house in Taylorville, Illinois, but Vicki Dixon? Of course, Vicki flagged us down, and we stopped.

I got to know her mom even after that meeting. I know her mother, Peggy, is devastated by her loss.

Vicki moved from D.C. to Naples, where she again quickly made new friends. But on January 8, it is one of those days where you exchange phone calls with colleagues and friends, and you hate to have that discussion, but just so everybody knows, Vicki passed peacefully in her sleep unexpectedly in Naples.

I can't tell you how devastated we all are to know that Vicki is not going to be able to enjoy that house, that time that she wanted to enjoy in Naples. But Vicki lived one of the fullest lives I think we could ever wish for.

Vicki's mom, Peggy, and her family are devastated, and we know that. I hope you know that our prayers are with them all. I would urge anyone watching tonight to say a quick prayer for Vicki's mom and Vicki's family.

But Vicki is resting in peace. Vicki is again in a place experiencing no pain, and I believe there is a God that allows her to be able to experience that peace with those she loved the most.

Vicki, we know you are resting in peace, but D.C. is not resting with you right now. D.C. is honoring you tonight.

There is not a person that I think deserves more than Victoria Sands Dixon to be honored by an institution that she loved so much.

God bless Vicki and her memory and those who knew her, and let's all use Vicki as an example.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

ADJOURNMENT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to section 11(b) of House Resolution 188, the House stands adjourned until 10 a.m. tomorrow for morning-hour debate and noon for legislative business.

Thereupon (at 7 o'clock and 39 minutes p.m.), under its previous order, the House adjourned until tomorrow, Wednesday, February 2, 2022, at 10 a.m. for morning-hour debate.

EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS, ETC.

Under clause 2 of rule XIV, executive communications were taken from the Speaker's table and referred as follows:

EC-3301. A letter from the Chairman, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, transmitting the Corporation's FY 2020 report titled "Preservation and Promotion of Minority Depository Institutions", pursuant to 12 U.S.C. 1463 note; Public Law 101-73, Sec. 308 (as amended by Public Law 111-203, Sec. 367(4)); (124 Stat. 1556); to the Committee on Financial Services.

EC-3302. A letter from the Assistant Secretary for Legislation, Department of Health and Human Services, transmitting a report titled "National Plan to Address Alzheimer's Disease: 2021 Update", pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 11225(g); Public Law 111-375, Sec. 2(g); (124 Stat. 4102); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

EC-3303. A letter from the Assistant Secretary for Legislation, Department of Health and Human Services, transmitting the Nurse Corps Loan Repayment and Scholarship Programs report to Congress for FY 2020, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 297n(h); July 1, 1944, ch. 373, title VIII, Sec. 846(h) (as amended by Public Law 107-205, Sec. 103(d)); (116 Stat. 814); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

EC-3304. A letter from the Assistant Secretary for Legislation, Department of Health and Human Services, transmitting the 2021 National Healthcare Quality and Disparities

Report, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 299b-2(b)(2); Public Law 106-129, Sec. 2(a); (113 Stat. 1658); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

EC-3305. A letter from the Assistant Secretary for Legislation, Department of Health and Human Services, transmitting a Report to Congress on Public Health Reporting and the Implementation of Electronic Case Reporting; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

EC-3306. A letter from the Senior Bureau Official, Bureau of Legislative Affairs, Department of State, transmitting a Report to Congress on U.S. Compliance with the Authorization for Use of Military Force in Iraq Section 4 of the Authorization for Use of Military Force Against Iraq Resolution of 2002 (Public Law 107-243) (50 USC 1541) for the period from September 5, 2021, to November 4, 2021, pursuant to 50 U.S.C. 1541 note; Public Law 107-243, Sec. 4(a); (116 Stat. 1501); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

EC-3307. A letter from the Secretary, Department of the Treasury, transmitting a six-month periodic report on the national emergency with respect to the Western Balkans that was declared in Executive Order 13219 of June 26, 2001, pursuant to 50 U.S.C. 1641(c); Public Law 94-412, Sec. 401(c); (90 Stat. 1257) and 50 U.S.C. 1703(c); Public Law 95-223, Sec. 204(c); (91 Stat. 1627); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

EC-3308. A letter from the Secretary, Department of the Treasury, transmitting a six-month periodic report on the national emergency with respect to the situation in Hong Kong that was declared in Executive Order 13936 of July 14, 2020, pursuant to 50 U.S.C. 1641(c); Public Law 94-412, Sec. 401(c); (90 Stat. 1257) and 50 U.S.C. 1703(c); Public Law 95-223, Sec. 204(c); (91 Stat. 1627); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

EC-3309. A letter from the Secretary, Department of the Treasury, transmitting a six-month periodic report on the national emergency with respect to Burma that was declared in Executive Order 14014 of February 10, 2021, pursuant to 50 U.S.C. 1641(c); Public Law 94-412, Sec. 401(c); (90 Stat. 1257) and 50 U.S.C. 1703(c); Public Law 95-223, Sec. 204(c); (91 Stat. 1627); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

EC-3310. A letter from the Senior Bureau Official, Bureau of Legislative Affairs, Department of State, transmitting the Department's report on progress toward a negotiated solution of the Cyprus Dispute covering the period of June 1, 2021, to July 31, 2021; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

EC-3311. A letter from the Senior Bureau Official, Bureau of Legislative Affairs, Department of State, transmitting Transmittal No. RSAT 21-8315, pursuant to the reporting requirements of Section 3(d) of the Arms Export Control Act; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

EC-3312. A letter from the Senior Bureau Official, Bureau of Legislative Affairs, Department of State, transmitting Transmittal No. RSAT 21-8325, pursuant to the reporting requirements of Section 3(d) of the Arms Export Control Act; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

EC-3313. A communication from the President of the United States, transmitting notice of intent to designate Qatar as a Major Non-NATO Ally, pursuant to 22 U.S.C. 2321k(a); Public Law 87-195, Sec. 517 (as added by Public Law 104-164, title I, Sec. 147(a)(1)); (110 Stat. 1434) (H. Doc. No. 117-85); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs and ordered to be printed.

EC-3314. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting DC Act 24-289, "Battery Stewardship Program Temporary Amendment Act of 2021", pursuant to Public Law 93-198, Sec. 602(c)(1); (87 Stat. 814); to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

EC-3315. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting DC Act 24-290, "Department of Health Functions Clarification Temporary Amendment Act of 2021", pursuant to Public Law 93-198, Sec. 602(c)(1); (87 Stat. 814); to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

EC-3316. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting DC Act 24-291, "District of Columbia Housing Authority Resident Commissioners Election Deadline Extension Temporary Amendment Act of 2021", pursuant to Public Law 93-198, Sec. 602(c)(1); (87 Stat. 814); to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

EC-3317. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting DC Act 24-292, "Public Emergency Extension Temporary Amendment Act of 2021", pursuant to Public Law 93-198, Sec. 602(c)(1); (87 Stat. 814); to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

EC-3318. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting DC Act 24-293, "Gibbs School and Shaed School Leases Extension Authorization Temporary Act of 2021", pursuant to Public Law 93-198, Sec. 602(c)(1); (87 Stat. 814); to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

EC-3319. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting DC Act 24-294, "Expanding Student Access to Period Products Act of 2022", pursuant to Public Law 93-198, Sec. 602(c)(1); (87 Stat. 814); to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

EC-3320. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting DC Act 24-295, "Dedication of Land for Street Purposes and Establishment of a Building Restriction Line in Square 2873, S.O. 20-0476, Act of 2021", pursuant to Public Law 93-198, Sec. 602(c)(1); (87 Stat. 814); to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

EC-3321. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting DC Act 24-296, "Abandonment of the Highway Plan for a Portion of Jackson Street, N.E., S.O. 21-00463, Act of 2021", pursuant to Public Law 93-198, Sec. 602(c)(1); (87 Stat. 814); to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

EC-3322. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting DC Act 24-297, "Omnibus Progressive National Baptist Convention Redevelopment Act of 2021", pursuant to Public Law 93-198, Sec. 602(c)(1); (87 Stat. 814); to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

EC-3323. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting DC Act 24-298, "Closing of a Portion of a Public Alley in Square 5730, S.O. 19-45936, Act of 2021", pursuant to Public Law 93-198, Sec. 602(c)(1); (87 Stat. 814); to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

EC-3324. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting DC Act 24-299, "Closing of a Portion of a Public Alley in Square 5138, S.O. 20-07517, Act of 2021", pursuant to Public Law 93-198, Sec. 602(c)(1); (87 Stat. 814); to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

EC-3325. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting DC Act 24-312, "Jackson-Reed High School Designation Act of 2021", pursuant to Public Law 93-198, Sec. 602(c)(1); (87 Stat. 814); to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

EC-3326. A letter from the Acting Director, Commodity Futures Trading Commission, transmitting the Commission's Agency Financial Report for FY 2021, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3515(a)(1); Public Law 101-576, Sec. 303(a)(1) (as amended by Public Law 107-289, Sec. 2(a)); (116 Stat. 2049); to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

EC-3327. A letter from the Secretary, Department of Education, transmitting the Department's FY 2021 Agency Financial Report, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3515(a)(1); Public Law 101-576, Sec. 303(a)(1) (as amended by Public Law 107-289, Sec. 2(a)); (116 Stat. 2049); to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

EC-3328. A letter from the Senior Advisor, Office of the Secretary, Department of Health and Human Services, transmitting one (1) notification of a federal vacancy and designation of an acting officer, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3349(a); Public Law 105-277, Sec. 151(b); (112 Stat. 2681-614); to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

EC-3329. A letter from the Director, Congressional Affairs, Federal Election Commission, transmitting the Commission's Inspector General's Semiannual Report to Congress Covering April 1, 2021, through September 30, 2021; to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

EC-3330. A letter from the Chief Operating Officer, Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service, transmitting the Service's report titled, "Analysis of Entity's Systems, Controls and Legal Compliance" for FY 2021 under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act of 1982; to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

EC-3331. A letter from the Secretary, Board of Governors, United States Postal Service, transmitting the Board's report on postal officers and employees who received total compensation in calendar year 2021, pursuant to 39 U.S.C. 3686(c); Public Law 109-435, Sec. 506; (120 Stat. 3236); to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

EC-3332. A letter from the Clerk, United States Court of Appeals, transmitting an opinion on *Cargill v. Garland*, USDC No. 1:19-CV-349, from the United States Court of appeals for the Fifth Circuit; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

EC-3333. A letter from the Senior Bureau Official, Bureau of Legislative Affairs, Department of State, transmitting a report to Congress concerning emigration laws and policies of Azerbaijan, Kazakhstan, Tajikistan, and Uzbekistan, as required by the Jackson-Vanik Amendment, pursuant to 19 U.S.C. 2432(b); Public Law 93-618, Sec. 402(b); (88 Stat. 2056); to the Committee on Ways and Means.

EC-3334. A letter from the Assistant Secretary for Legislation, Department of Health and Human Services, transmitting the fiscal year 2019 Annual Report to the Congress on the Child Support Program, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 652(a)(10); Aug. 14, 1935, ch. 531, title IV, Sec. 452 (as amended by Public Law 93-647, Sec. 101(a)); (88 Stat. 2352); to the Committee on Ways and Means.

EC-3335. A letter from the Assistant Secretary for Legislation, Department of Health and Human Services, transmitting the Report to Congress: Review and Recommendations for Cost-Effective Improvements to the Child Support Enforcement Program under Part D of Title IV of the Social Security Act, pursuant to Public Law 113-183, Sec. 305(4); (128 Stat. 1948); to the Committee on Ways and Means.

EC-3336. A letter from the Acting Executive Director, Office of Congressional Workplace Rights, transmitting the Office's Annual Report on Awards and Settlements for Calendar Year 2021 for Employing Offices of the House of Representatives and the Annual Report on Awards and Settlements for Calendar Year 2021 for Employing Offices of the Senate, and other Employing Offices, pursuant to 2 U.S.C. 1381(1)(A); Public Law 104-1, title III, 301(1)(A) (as added by 201(a)(1)(B)); (132 Stat. 5315); jointly to the Committees on House Administration and Education and Labor.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES ON PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XIII, reports of committees were delivered to the Clerk for printing and reference to the proper calendar, as follows:

Mr. NADLER: Committee on the Judiciary H.R. 187. A bill for the relief of Victoria Galindo Lopez (Rept. 117-236). Referred to the Private Calendar.

Mr. NADLER: Committee on the Judiciary H.R. 680. A bill for the relief of Arpita Kurdekar, Girish Kurdekar, and Vandana Kurdekar (Rept. 117-237). Referred to the Private Calendar.

Mr. NADLER: Committee on the Judiciary H.R. 681. A bill for the relief of Rebecca Trimble (Rept. 117-238). Referred to the Private Calendar.

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi: Committee on Homeland Security H.R. 4476. A bill to establish the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) Trade and Economic Security Council and the position of Assistant Secretary for Trade and Economic Security within the Department of Homeland Security, and for other purposes; with an amendment (Rept. 117-239, Pt. 1). Referred to The Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union.

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi: Committee on Homeland Security H.R. 5615. A bill to direct the Secretary of Homeland Security to submit a plan to make Federal assistance available to certain urban areas that previously received Urban Area Security Initiative funding to preserve homeland security capabilities, and for other purposes (Rept. 117-240). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union.

DISCHARGE OF COMMITTEE

Pursuant to clause 2 of rule XIII, the Committees on Energy and Commerce and Ways and Means discharged from further consideration. H.R. 3076 referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union.

Pursuant to clause 2 of rule XIII, the Committee on Energy and Commerce discharged from further consideration. H.R. 4476 referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union.

PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XII, public bills and resolutions of the following titles were introduced and severally referred, as follows:

By Mr. CLYBURN (for himself and Mr. ROGERS of Kentucky):

H.R. 6531. A bill to provide an increased allocation of funding under certain programs for assistance in areas of persistent poverty, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

By Mr. DESAULNIER (for himself, Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois, and Mr. HUFFMAN):

H.R. 6532. A bill to authorize funding for section 619 and part C of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Ms. BONAMICI:

H.R. 6533. A bill to direct the Secretary of Energy to establish an Office of Advanced Clean Energy Technologies to manage a network of Regional Energy Innovation and Development Institutes to advance clean energy technologies, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on

Science, Space, and Technology, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. CLINE (for himself, Mr. GRIF-FITH, Mr. WITTMAN, Mr. GOOD of Virginia, Mr. DUNCAN, Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois, and Mr. ROY):

H.R. 6534. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to prohibit transplant centers from discriminating against an individual seeking an organ on the basis of whether the individual is vaccinated against COVID-19, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. BOWMAN:

H.R. 6535. A bill to waive the cost-sharing requirements for certain STEM programs, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology.

By Mr. BUDD:

H.R. 6536. A bill to amend the Justice for Victims of Trafficking Act of 2015 to require abortion providers to notify the national human trafficking hotline of victims of trafficking, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. CASTEN (for himself, Mrs. LEE of Nevada, Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi, Mr. MOULTON, Mr. CARTWRIGHT, Mr. TRONE, Mrs. HAYES, Ms. GARCIA of Texas, Mr. MCNERNEY, and Mr. LARSON of Connecticut):

H.R. 6537. A bill to index the maximum value of Federal Pell Grants to inflation; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Mr. CICILLINE (for himself, Mr. UPTON, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Mrs. SPARTZ, Mr. THOMPSON of California, Mr. MELJER, Mr. DEUTCH, and Ms. MACE):

H.R. 6538. A bill to create an Active Shooter Alert Communications Network, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. CRIST:

H.R. 6539. A bill to establish a Venezuela Restoration Fund, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. DESJARLAIS:

H.R. 6540. A bill to amend title III of the Public Health Service Act to prohibit the Organ Procurement and Transplantation Network from requesting the vaccination status of an individual with respect to COVID-19 for the national list of individuals who need organs, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Ms. ESHOO (for herself, Mr. TIMMONS, Mr. RASKIN, and Mr. CASE):

H.R. 6541. A bill to require the Director of the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency to establish cybersecurity guidance for small organizations, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Small Business, and in addition to the Committee on Homeland Security, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. FALLON (for himself and Ms. SALAZAR):

H.R. 6542. A bill to require the Director of National Intelligence to submit an annual report on investment by any Chinese entity in port infrastructure in the Western Hemisphere, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Intelligence (Permanent Select).

By Mr. GALLEGO (for himself, Mr. BILIRAKIS, and Mr. DESAULNIER):

H.R. 6543. A bill to amend title 10, United States Code, to eliminate the recoupment of separation pay, special separation benefits, and voluntary separation incentive payments from members of the Armed Forces who subsequently receive disability compensation under laws administered by the

Department of Veterans Affairs and to impose limitations on the authority of the Secretary of Defense to recoup such pay from members who subsequently receive military retired or retainer pay; to the Committee on Armed Services, and in addition to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. GARCIA of Texas (for herself and Mrs. WAGNER):

H.R. 6544. A bill to establish a National Commission on Online Child Sexual Exploitation Prevention, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on the Judiciary, and Education and Labor, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. KIM of New Jersey:

H.R. 6545. A bill to amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to expand certain authorities with respect to the recall of controlled substances to apply with respect to all drugs, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mrs. LAWRENCE (for herself, Ms. STEVENS, Ms. TITUS, Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York, Mr. VARGAS, Mr. LYNCH, Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois, and Ms. CASTOR of Florida):

H.R. 6546. A bill to direct the Secretary of Transportation to establish a Wireless Electric Vehicle Charging Grant Program, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. MALLIOTAKIS:

H.R. 6547. A bill to direct the Inspector General of the Department of Housing and Urban Development to submit to the Congress a report on the New York City Housing Authority, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Financial Services.

By Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York (for herself, Ms. OCASIO-CORTEZ, Mr. BOWMAN, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. CARSON, Mr. TORRES of New York, Ms. NORTON, Mr. JONES, Mr. LYNCH, Ms. MOORE of Wisconsin, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. QUIGLEY, and Mr. CLEAVER):

H.R. 6548. A bill to establish new Federal renewable energy use requirements, support the equitable transition to clean energy power generation, and require cumulative impact assessments for fossil fuel-fired power plant permitting, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Oversight and Reform, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. OCASIO-CORTEZ:

H.R. 6549. A bill to provide support for international initiatives to provide debt relief to developing countries with unsustainable levels of debt, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Financial Services.

By Ms. ROSS (for herself, Mr. POCAN, Ms. DEAN, Mr. CLEAVER, Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. GRJALVA, Ms. NORTON, Ms. JACOBS of California, Mr. JONES, Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD, Ms. TLAIB, Mr. TORRES of

New York, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, and Mr. GARCIA of Illinois):

H.R. 6550. A bill to amend title 13, United States Code, to provide that individuals in prison shall, for the purposes of a decennial census, be attributed to the last usual place of residence before incarceration, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Oversight and Reform, and in addition to the Committee on the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. SCHAKOWSKY:

H.R. 6551. A bill to provide a private right of action for persons harmed by violations of the Franchise Rule of the Federal Trade Commission, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. SMITH of New Jersey (for himself, Ms. BASS, and Mr. MCCAUL):

H.R. 6552. A bill to reauthorize the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committees on Ways and Means, Oversight and Reform, Education and Labor, and the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. SOTO (for himself and Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY):

H.R. 6553. A bill to promote a 21st century artificial intelligence workforce; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Mr. STAUBER (for himself, Mr. HAGEDORN, Mrs. FISCHBACH, and Mr. EMMER):

H.R. 6554. A bill to prohibit certain Federal funding from being used for certain cash assistance programs; to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

By Ms. UNDERWOOD (for herself and Mr. KATKO):

H.R. 6555. A bill to direct the Administrator of the Federal Emergency Management Agency to designate breast pumps and certain lactation supplies as eligible for certain financial assistance, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

By Ms. VELÁZQUEZ:

H.R. 6556. A bill to amend the Fair Housing Act, to prohibit discrimination based on use of section 8 vouchers, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Financial Services, and in addition to the Committees on Ways and Means, and the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. FALLON:

H.J. Res. 69. A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to limit the number of terms that a Member of Congress may serve; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. CASTRO of Texas (for himself, Mrs. KIM of California, Mr. MEEKS, Mr. MCGOVERN, Ms. WILD, Mr. SHERMAN, Mr. PHILLIPS, and Ms. SCHAKOWSKY):

H. Res. 892. A resolution calling on the Government of the Republic of Rwanda to release Paul Rusesabagina on humanitarian grounds; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Ms. ADAMS (for herself, Mr. KATKO, Ms. BASS, Mr. VARGAS, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. CARSON, Ms. TLAIB, and Ms. WILLIAMS of Georgia):

H. Res. 893. A resolution supporting the observation of National Trafficking and Modern Slavery Prevention Month during the pe-

riod beginning on January 1, 2022, and ending on February 1, 2022, to raise awareness of, and opposition to, human trafficking and modern slavery; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Ms. ADAMS (for herself, Mr. BUTTERFIELD, and Ms. MANNING):

H. Res. 894. A resolution recognizing the significance of the Greensboro Four sit-in; to the Committee on Education and Labor, and in addition to the Committee on the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. BASS:

H. Res. 895. A resolution strongly condemning ongoing violence and human rights abuses stemming from Cameroon's Anglophone crisis; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Ms. ESHOO (for herself, Mr. LEVIN of Michigan, Mr. CHABOT, Ms. TENNEY, Mr. MEEKS, Mr. BERA, Mr. SUOZZI, Mr. FITZPATRICK, Mr. KHANNA, Mr. LOWENTHAL, Mr. CICILLINE, Mr. CONNOLLY, Mr. RICE of South Carolina, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Mrs. LAWRENCE, Mr. COHEN, Ms. MENG, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. PRICE of North Carolina, Ms. MANNING, Ms. TITUS, Mr. MELJER, and Mr. JACKSON):

H. Res. 896. A resolution condemning the Burmese military for perpetrating gross violations of human rights as part of its brutal campaign to suppress the democratic aspirations of the people of Burma, a year after the coup d'état on February 1, 2021; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. MACE:

H. Res. 897. A resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that any giant panda born in the United States should belong to the United States and the United States should seek the coordination of its allies to establish collaborative giant panda breeding programs; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mrs. MILLER of Illinois (for herself and Mrs. GREENE of Georgia):

H. Res. 898. A resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that it is the role of the Federal Government to defend the territorial integrity and inviolability of the United States border with Mexico; to the Committee on Homeland Security.

By Ms. OCASIO-CORTEZ:

H. Res. 899. A resolution providing for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 1579) to prohibit Members of Congress from purchasing or selling certain investments, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Rules.

CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to clause 7 of rule XII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following statements are submitted regarding the specific powers granted to Congress in the Constitution to enact the accompanying bill or joint resolution.

By Mr. CLYBURN:

H.R. 6531.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

By Mr. DESAULNIER:

H.R. 6532.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:
Article 1, Section 8.

By Ms. BONAMICI:

H.R. 6533.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:
Section 8 of Article I of the U.S. Constitution

By Mr. CLINE:

H.R. 6534.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:
Article 1, Section 8 of the U.S. Constitution.

By Mr. BOWMAN:

H.R. 6535.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:
Article I, Section 8, Clause 1

By Mr. BUDD:

H.R. 6536.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Amendment XIII states "Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation."

Clause 3 of Section 8 of Article I grants that grants that Congress shall "regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes;"

By Mr. CASTEN:

H.R. 6537.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1 Section 8 Clause 1

By Mr. CICILLINE:

H.R. 6538.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the Constitution of the United States

By Mr. CRIST:

H.R. 6539.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. DESJARLAIS:

H.R. 6540.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8 of the United States Constitution

By Ms. ESHOO:

H.R. 6541.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8.

By Mr. FALLON:

H.R. 6542.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

By Mr. GALLEGRO:

H.R. 6543.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18

By Ms. GARCIA of Texas:

H.R. 6544.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 3

By Mr. KIM of New Jersey:

H.R. 6545.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution

By Mrs. LAWRENCE:

H.R. 6546.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18. "To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof."

By Ms. MALLIOTAKIS:

H.R. 6547.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18: The Congress shall have Power to make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York:

H.R. 6548.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

By Ms. OCASIO-CORTEZ:

H.R. 6549.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 1 of the Constitution.

By Ms. ROSS:

H.R. 6550.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Section II of Article I of the Constitution.

By Ms. SCHAKOWSKY:

H.R. 6551.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Congress shall have Power . . . To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.

By Mr. SMITH of New Jersey:

H.R. 6552.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1 Section 8 of the U.S. Constitution

By Mr. SOTO:

H.R. 6553.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, of the United States' Constitution.

By Mr. STAUBER:

H.R. 6554.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution.

By Ms. UNDERWOOD:

H.R. 6555.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the U.S. Constitution.

By Ms. VELÁZQUEZ:

H.R. 6556.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1

The Congress shall have Power to . . . provide for the . . . general Welfare of the United States; . . .

By Mr. FALLON:

H.J. Res. 69.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions, as follows:

H.R. 82: Ms. STANSBURY.
H.R. 279: Ms. STRICKLAND.
H.R. 336: Mr. GALLEGRO, Ms. DEAN, Ms. DELBENE, and Ms. NEWMAN.
H.R. 350: Mr. DOGGETT.
H.R. 503: Ms. JOHNSON of Texas and Ms. OMAR.
H.R. 598: Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD.
H.R. 616: Mr. CARTER of Louisiana and Mr. BEYER.
H.R. 623: Mr. BUDD.
H.R. 659: Mr. BLUMENAUER.
H.R. 675: Mr. TRONE.
H.R. 734: Mr. COSTA.
H.R. 748: Mr. CLYBURN, Mr. KAHELE, Ms. PORTER, Mr. VELA, Mr. BERA, Ms. WILD, and Ms. OMAR.
H.R. 763: Mr. CASTEN.
H.R. 764: Ms. WATERS.
H.R. 849: Mr. SEAN PATRICK MALONEY of New York.
H.R. 851: Mr. RUPPERSBERGER.
H.R. 852: Ms. MANNING.
H.R. 914: Ms. STANSBURY and Mr. CARBAJAL.
H.R. 973: Mr. COSTA.
H.R. 997: Mr. PERRY.
H.R. 1034: Mr. COSTA.
H.R. 1071: Mrs. MILLER of Illinois.
H.R. 1123: Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY.
H.R. 1140: Ms. OMAR.
H.R. 1179: Mr. LARSEN of Washington, Ms. ROSS, and Mr. FOSTER.
H.R. 1266: Mr. COSTA.
H.R. 1560: Mrs. NAPOLITANO.
H.R. 1579: Ms. DEAN and Mr. GALLEGRO.
H.R. 1627: Mr. TAKANO and Mrs. MURPHY of Florida.
H.R. 1643: Ms. OCASIO-CORTEZ.
H.R. 1646: Mr. TIMMONS.
H.R. 1690: Mr. FITZPATRICK.
H.R. 1729: Mr. HAGEDORN.
H.R. 1735: Mr. GROTHMAN.
H.R. 1755: Mr. SABLAN.
H.R. 1764: Mr. KILDEE.
H.R. 1769: Miss GONZÁLEZ-COLÓN and Mr. CARTER of Texas.
H.R. 1829: Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania.
H.R. 1861: Mr. TRONE.
H.R. 1918: Mr. COSTA.
H.R. 1926: Mr. ROSENDALE.
H.R. 1927: Mr. ROSENDALE.
H.R. 1946: Ms. SCANLON, Mr. TONY GONZALES of Texas, and Mr. WALBERG.
H.R. 1948: Mr. PERLMUTTER.
H.R. 1976: Ms. BROWN of Ohio.
H.R. 1983: Mr. COSTA.
H.R. 2007: Ms. BROWN of Ohio, Mr. DOGGETT, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. NADLER, and Mr. LARSEN of Washington.
H.R. 2046: Mr. CARTER of Georgia, Mr. JOYCE of Pennsylvania, and Ms. STEFANIK.
H.R. 2116: Mr. MALINOWSKI.
H.R. 2178: Mr. COSTA.
H.R. 2198: Mr. YARMUTH.
H.R. 2252: Ms. NEWMAN, Mr. FITZPATRICK, Mrs. FLETCHER, Mr. BUTTERFIELD, Ms. ADAMS, and Mr. GREEN of Texas.
H.R. 2363: Mr. BACON.
H.R. 2375: Mr. KELLY of Pennsylvania.
H.R. 2377: Ms. STANSBURY.
H.R. 2415: Mr. CARTER of Louisiana.
H.R. 2418: Mr. WELCH.
H.R. 2489: Mr. COHEN.
H.R. 2499: Mr. TONY GONZALES of Texas.
H.R. 2517: Ms. SPEIER, Mrs. HARSHBARGER, Mr. AGUILAR, Mr. TIMMONS, and Mr. POCAN.
H.R. 2525: Mr. LEVIN of Michigan, Mr. BISHOP of Georgia, and Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia.
H.R. 2604: Mr. GOSAR.
H.R. 2654: Mr. WOMACK, Mr. GOODEN of Texas, Mr. POSEY, Mr. VEASEY, Mr. RUSH, and Mr. BUTTERFIELD.
H.R. 2664: Mr. García of Illinois.
H.R. 2692: Mr. PAPPAS.
H.R. 2719: Ms. ROSS.
H.R. 2748: Ms. VAN DUYN.

- H.R. 2774: Ms. OCASIO-CORTEZ.
H.R. 2811: Ms. CASTOR of Florida.
H.R. 2820: Mr. CASTEN.
H.R. 2840: Ms. CASTOR of Florida.
H.R. 2881: Mr. YARMUTH.
H.R. 2954: Mr. ELLZEY, Ms. SALAZAR, and Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY.
H.R. 2967: Ms. SLOTKIN.
H.R. 2974: Mr. CASE, Mr. COSTA, and Mr. PALLONE.
H.R. 3038: Mrs. LESKO.
H.R. 3108: Ms. BLUNT ROCHESTER.
H.R. 3130: Mr. PALAZZO.
H.R. 3165: Mr. LIEU and Mr. VEASEY.
H.R. 3172: Mr. KELLER and Mr. CARBAJAL.
H.R. 3183: Mr. SOTO.
H.R. 3353: Ms. PINGREE.
H.R. 3368: Mr. HORSFORD and Ms. NEWMAN.
H.R. 3440: Mr. LEVIN of Michigan.
H.R. 3460: Mr. KUSTOFF.
H.R. 3482: Ms. TITUS.
H.R. 3525: Ms. JACKSON LEE.
H.R. 3541: Mr. PERLMUTTER.
H.R. 3574: Mrs. LURIA.
H.R. 3577: Ms. ROSS, Mr. ESPAILLAT, and Mr. MICHAEL F. DOYLE of Pennsylvania.
H.R. 3630: Mr. LONG, Mr. FEENSTRA, Mr. BURGESS, Ms. SPEIER, Mr. SEAN PATRICK MALONEY of New York, Mr. NORMAN, and Mr. MOORE of Alabama.
H.R. 3631: Ms. NEWMAN.
H.R. 3816: Mr. JEFFRIES.
H.R. 3835: Ms. LEGER FERNANDEZ.
H.R. 3843: Mr. JEFFRIES.
H.R. 3897: Mr. PENCE, Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania, Mr. KIND, Mr. UPTON, Mr. OWENS, Mr. SIMPSON, Mr. NEAL, and Mr. VELA.
H.R. 3962: Mr. CRAWFORD.
H.R. 4003: Mr. GRIJALVA and Mr. HUFFMAN.
H.R. 4066: Mr. FLEISCHMANN.
H.R. 4151: Mr. DOGGETT, Ms. CHU, and Mr. TONKO.
H.R. 4237: Mr. LEVIN of Michigan.
H.R. 4268: Mr. REED, Ms. LOIS FRANKEL of Florida, and Mr. COSTA.
H.R. 4277: Ms. BONAMICI.
H.R. 4290: Mr. POSEY and Mr. COLE.
H.R. 4315: Mr. LARSEN of Washington and Ms. TITUS.
H.R. 4385: Ms. PINGREE, Mr. YARMUTH, Mr. FITZPATRICK, and Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois.
H.R. 4390: Mr. PAPPAS and Mr. POCAN.
H.R. 4407: Mr. SCHNEIDER.
H.R. 4423: Mr. DESAULNIER.
H.R. 4457: Ms. SANCHEZ, Mr. MFUME, Mrs. LAWRENCE, and Ms. OMAR.
H.R. 4485: Mr. FERGUSON, Mr. KELLY of Pennsylvania, Mr. BUCHANAN, Mr. NORMAN, Mrs. HINSON, and Mr. HARRIS.
H.R. 4488: Ms. BONAMICI.
H.R. 4546: Mr. GONZALEZ of Ohio and Mr. BRENDAN F. BOYLE of Pennsylvania.
H.R. 4603: Mr. BACON.
H.R. 4693: Ms. JAYAPAL, Ms. UNDERWOOD, Mrs. WALORSKI, and Ms. JOHNSON of Texas.
H.R. 4721: Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois.
H.R. 4730: Mr. WILSON of South Carolina.
H.R. 4750: Mr. RASKIN, Ms. BARRAGÁN, and Mr. COHEN.
H.R. 4785: Miss GONZÁLEZ-COLÓN and Ms. SLOTKIN.
H.R. 4792: Mrs. CAMMACK.
H.R. 4794: Mrs. NAPOLITANO.
H.R. 4810: Mr. MCCAUL.
H.R. 4816: Mr. CARTER of Georgia.
H.R. 4892: Mr. KAHELE.
H.R. 4895: Mrs. CHERFILUS-MCCORMICK.
H.R. 4943: Mr. CRIST.
H.R. 5067: Ms. MATSUI, Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. TONKO, and Mr. BUTTERFIELD.
H.R. 5073: Ms. MOORE of Wisconsin.
H.R. 5150: Mr. BACON.
H.R. 5162: Ms. MACE.
H.R. 5218: Mr. KATKO.
H.R. 5224: Mrs. WAGNER.
H.R. 5227: Mr. NEGUSE, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Mr. PAYNE, Mr. LEVIN of Michigan, Mr. WELCH, Mr. EVANS, Mr. RASKIN, and Mr. AGUILAR.
H.R. 5244: Mr. CÁRDENAS, Mr. WALTZ, and Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN.
H.R. 5247: Ms. ROSS and Mr. DOGGETT.
H.R. 5273: Mr. AUCHINCLOSS and Mr. CARSON.
H.R. 5291: Ms. NORTON.
H.R. 5300: Mr. GALLEGO, Mr. BROWN of Maryland, and Ms. JACOBS of California.
H.R. 5326: Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois and Mr. TIMMONS.
H.R. 5342: Ms. OMAR.
H.R. 5348: Ms. TITUS.
H.R. 5377: Mr. LAMB.
H.R. 5410: Ms. PRESSLEY.
H.R. 5416: Mr. HIGGINS of New York.
H.R. 5423: Ms. LEE of California and Mr. CARTWRIGHT.
H.R. 5429: Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York.
H.R. 5468: Mr. ISSA, Mr. CALVERT, and Mr. VARGAS.
H.R. 5497: Mr. COSTA and Mr. LEVIN of Michigan.
H.R. 5502: Ms. BLUNT ROCHESTER and Mr. COMER.
H.R. 5514: Ms. PLASKETT, Mr. RUSH, Mr. MEUSER, and Mr. BUTTERFIELD.
H.R. 5537: Mr. POCAN.
H.R. 5541: Mr. BACON.
H.R. 5554: Ms. PORTER.
H.R. 5577: Mr. MCHENRY, Mr. EMMER, Mr. CAWTHORN, Ms. CHENNEY, Mrs. CHERFILUS-MCCORMICK, Mr. PERRY, Mr. ZELDIN, Mr. HUIZENGA, Mr. GARCIA of California, Mr. GRIFFITH, Mr. SESSIONS, Ms. LETLOW, Mr. KUSTOFF, Mr. CHABOT, Mr. OBERNOLTE, Mr. COMER, Mr. BURCHETT, Mrs. MILLER of West Virginia, Mr. DUNN, Mr. JACKSON, Mr. RICE of South Carolina, Mr. ARMSTRONG, and Ms. HERRERA BEUTLER.
H.R. 5586: Mr. HILL and Mr. CAREY.
H.R. 5590: Mr. TIMMONS.
H.R. 5629: Mr. LEVIN of Michigan.
H.R. 5644: Mr. COSTA.
H.R. 5660: Mr. OBERNOLTE.
H.R. 5693: Mr. CAREY.
H.R. 5703: Mr. ALLRED.
H.R. 5736: Mr. SIRES.
H.R. 5769: Mr. SOTO.
H.R. 5811: Mr. POSEY.
H.R. 5819: Mr. LARSEN of Washington, Mr. SIRES, and Ms. LOFGREN.
H.R. 5828: Mr. LEVIN of California.
H.R. 5841: Mr. MOULTON.
H.R. 5883: Mr. VEASEY and Mr. VICENTE GONZALEZ of Texas.
H.R. 5887: Mr. MEUSER and Mr. ROSE.
H.R. 5916: Ms. STRICKLAND.
H.R. 5936: Mr. GONZALEZ of Ohio.
H.R. 5974: Mr. MCNERNEY.
H.R. 6005: Mr. TONKO.
H.R. 6006: Mr. TIMMONS.
H.R. 6018: Mr. WEBER of Texas.
H.R. 6096: Ms. SPANBERGER and Mr. LEVIN of California.
H.R. 6121: Mr. LARSON of Connecticut, Ms. KELLY of Illinois, Mr. BUTTERFIELD, and Mr. ROGERS of Kentucky.
H.R. 6152: Mr. EMMER and Mr. BUDD.
H.R. 6161: Ms. HERRERA BEUTLER, Mr. MOONEY, Mr. SMITH of Washington, and Mr. MORELLE.
H.R. 6184: Mr. BISHOP of North Carolina and Mr. PFLUGER.
H.R. 6201: Mr. DOGGETT and Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia.
H.R. 6205: Mr. COHEN and Mr. CASTEN.
H.R. 6229: Mr. BILIRAKIS.
H.R. 6239: Mr. STEIL.
H.R. 6254: Mr. COSTA.
H.R. 6264: Ms. SALAZAR and Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois.
H.R. 6267: Mr. BOWMAN and Mr. REED.
H.R. 6291: Ms. WILD.
H.R. 6322: Ms. JACOBS of California.
H.R. 6347: Mr. KILMER.
H.R. 6361: Mr. MFUME.
H.R. 6367: Mr. GUEST and Mr. CAREY.
H.R. 6379: Mr. DONALDS.
H.R. 6394: Ms. MCCOLLUM.
H.R. 6398: Mr. DEFazio and Ms. STRICKLAND.
H.R. 6403: Mr. KIM of New Jersey.
H.R. 6411: Ms. SLOTKIN, Ms. UNDERWOOD, Mr. MRVAN, and Mr. SABLAN.
H.R. 6416: Mr. JONES.
H.R. 6418: Mr. BACON, Mr. TAYLOR, and Mr. BUDD.
H.R. 6421: Mr. TAYLOR, Mr. MCKINLEY, and Mrs. STEEL.
H.R. 6433: Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio.
H.R. 6439: Mr. NORMAN.
H.R. 6450: Mr. MFUME, Miss GONZÁLEZ-COLÓN, Mr. CASE, and Ms. SALAZAR.
H.R. 6454: Mr. MFUME.
H.R. 6458: Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS.
H.R. 6466: Mr. NADLER, Ms. TITUS, Mr. CRIST, Mrs. CHERFILUS-MCCORMICK, Mr. CLEAVER, Ms. SCANLON, and Ms. DEGETTE.
H.R. 6470: Mr. MORELLE, Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY, Ms. MANNING, and Mr. CROW.
H.R. 6480: Mr. JOYCE of Ohio, Mr. YOUNG, Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD, Mr. KATKO, and Mr. BACON.
H.R. 6492: Ms. CASTOR of Florida and Mr. POCAN.
H.R. 6495: Mr. STEUBE, Mr. POSEY, Mr. VAN DREW, Mr. CRAWFORD, Mr. UPTON, Mr. LAMALFA, Mr. MOOLENAAR, Mr. CRENSHAW, Mr. GARBARINO, and Mr. WEBSTER of Florida.
H.R. 6502: Mr. DAVIDSON, Mrs. GREENE of Georgia, Mrs. MILLER of Illinois, Mr. DUNCAN, Mr. ROSENDALE, Mrs. BOEBERT, Mr. GIBBS, Mr. BABIN, and Mr. GOHMERT.
H.R. 6522: Mr. GIBBS, Mr. GARBARINO, Ms. TENNEY, Mr. WILLIAMS of Texas, Mr. FORTENBERRY, Mr. CAWTHORN, Mr. BUDD, Mr. BALDERSON, Mr. TIFFANY, Mr. HARRIS, Mr. MOOLENAAR, Mr. ISSA, Mr. ROUZER, Mr. WEBSTER of Florida, Mr. MURPHY of North Carolina, Ms. MALLIOTAKIS, and Mr. HERN.
H.R. 6523: Mrs. BEATTY, Ms. CHU, and Mr. SOTO.
H.J. Res. 53: Ms. BOURDEAUX, Mr. LAWSON of Florida, Mr. DAVID SCOTT of Georgia, and Mrs. MCBATH.
H. Con. Res. 33: Ms. STANSBURY and Mr. OWENS.
H. Con. Res. 57: Mr. DAVIDSON.
H. Res. 289: Mr. GOMEZ.
H. Res. 332: Mr. MFUME.
H. Res. 366: Mr. PANETTA, Mr. HUIZENGA, Mr. RASKIN, Mr. NORMAN, Mr. GALLAGHER, Mr. GRAVES of Missouri, Mr. SIRES, Ms. CHENEY, Mr. STEIL, and Mr. KATKO.
H. Res. 445: Ms. ESHOO.
H. Res. 565: Mr. COOPER.
H. Res. 587: Mr. DONALDS.
H. Res. 876: Mr. HARRIS, Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS, and Mr. BENTZ.
H. Res. 878: Ms. TITUS.
H. Res. 881: Ms. WILSON of Florida, Ms. MCCOLLUM, Mr. PAPPAS, Ms. TLAI, Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. VARGAS, Mrs. MCBATH, Mr. MORELLE, Mr. NORCROSS, Mr. MOULTON, Ms. MACE, Mr. RICE of South Carolina, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, Mr. PALLONE, Ms. WILD, Mr. COHEN, Ms. ESHOO, Mr. MICHAEL F. DOYLE of Pennsylvania, Mr. LAWSON of Florida, and Mrs. SPARTZ.
H. Res. 883: Mr. GOOD of Virginia.
H. Res. 884: Ms. PRESSLEY, Ms. CHU, and Mr. ALLEN.
H. Res. 885: Mr. FORTENBERRY.
H. Res. 890: Ms. OMAR, Ms. WILLIAMS of Georgia, and Mr. CROW.